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WHOLE NO. 1890.

Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

W. N. ARMSTRONG, EDITOR.

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Read the Hawaiian Gazette
(Semi-Weekly).

INCOME TAX LOST

Senate Votes Down the Proposi- tion of the House.

SCHEDULE E REMAINS IN FORCE

After Discussion House Passes
Appropriation for Honolulu
Sewerage System.

SENATE.

One hundred-twelfth day, June 25.
The Passed Bills Committee reported
that the bill regulating the opening
of streets in Honolulu had been pre-
sented to the President for his signa-
ture.

Minister Cooper introduced a bill
regulating the examination of deeds
and conveyances by the public, and
providing for their care by a regis-
trar. The bill passed first reading
and went to the Printing Committee.
The Hilo railway bill passed second
reading. Third reading was set for
Monday.

For an hour and a half the Senate
worked on the salaries appropriation
bill and mapped out much work for
the Conference Committee. The bill
as changed was referred to the Joint
Finance Committee for conference.
The current account bill was referred
to the Joint Committee on Public
Lands and Internal Improvement.

At 12 o'clock the Senate adjourned.

One hundred-thirteenth day, June 27.
The objections of the House to the
section of the cable bill providing that
the cable shall land "at or near Hono-
lulu," which objection was expressed
by an amendment striking out that
provision so as to permit the landing
of the cable at any point on the Ha-
waiian Islands, has been met by a
recommendation of a conference com-
mittee, which permitted the amend-
ment to stand and further amended
the section by providing that the ter-
minus shall be at Honolulu. It was
contended by the Senate portion of the
committee that the terminus should
be at the capital city. The report of
the committee was adopted.

The Minister of the Interior in-
formed the Senate that the President
had signed four bills; an act relating
to the construction of railways provid-
ing against the building of wharves,
piers and jetties by private persons
over tide water, the cemetery act, the
bill to permit the manufacture and
sale of wine from Hawaiian grown
grapes, and the bill regulating the
opening of streets through private
lands in the Kona district of Oahu.

The Senate concurred in the House
amendment raising the license of one
dollar on milk as fixed by the Senate
to \$2.50.

The Judiciary Committee reported
that the Conference Committee recom-
mended that the Senate recede from its
position making actions of tort tri-
able in the first circuit court, as well
as in the circuits in which they
arise, and that the Senate
concur in the House amend-
ment making such actions triable only
in the circuit in which they arise. The
report was adopted. The chief objec-
tion to the limiting such actions to
their own circuits was that in some
circuits such actions might arise by
plantations against a man and a jury
could not be secured except largely of
men in the employ of the plantations.
The Hilo railway bill passed third
reading with an amendment that the
form of tender for cars must first be
approved by the Minister of the In-
terior.

The Income Tax bill came up with
the reports of the special committee.
Senator Brown attacked the bill on
the ground of its constitutionality. He
quoted the constitutional provision
that each member of society shall pay
his proportionate share of taxation.
The Legislature had exempted certain
charitable and other institutions and
thus imposed on the rest of the com-
munity a tax greater in its proportion
than it otherwise would be. The con-
stitution exempted no body of men by
law, therefore, the Senator said, the
Income Law, if passed, would be
thrown out by the Supreme Court, as
was the last one. Senator Brown said
also that he believed the present Leg-
islature should not pass an income
tax but should await the report of the
Special Commissioners authorized to
devise some equitable method of tax-
ation.

Senator Baldwin said that he be-
lieved that both the proposed Income
Tax bill and Schedule E should not be
defeated. Much as he disliked Sched-
ule E and its workings he believed
the Government should be given some
definite source of revenue from tax-
ation. He objected to Schedule E. The
Minister of Finance had reported an
increase in the taxes of the 1897 over
the 1895 period of \$68,000. There was
reported an increase of \$5,000,000 in
taxable property which would make
up \$60,000 of the increase. The in-
crease in cane valuations alone should
be \$40,000 or \$50,000. He believed
that Schedule E was inequitable. He
was in favor of an income tax. There

were peculiar conditions why an in-
come tax should be passed. A large
portion of the money made was sent
abroad, many people who make their
money here were absentee residents,
the bulk of the products were sent
abroad and in many cases the returns
were made payable in New York or
London. The Senator cited instances
where an income tax taken in addi-
tion to a property tax might be double
taxation.

Senator McCandless believed that a
graduated tax would be an equitable
one. He agreed with Senator Baldwin
that the Income Tax and Schedule E
should not both be defeated.

Senator Kepoikali favored the In-
come Tax. Senator Hocking read a
transcript from the House records on
the action on the passage of the bill
at third reading by that body. He
favored the Income Tax.

At 12 o'clock the Senate adjourned
to 1:30 o'clock.

At the afternoon session Senator
Brown said the defeat of Schedule E
would make no difference to the final
returns from taxation. He held that
if he paid an income tax and another
tax on cash on hand it was double
taxation and would be declared un-
constitutional. The Senator still con-
tended that the bill passed the House
contrary to constitutional provision.

Senator Holstein asked what the re-
sult would be if Schedule E were
repealed, the Income Tax were passed
and then declared unconstitutional.
He said he would favor both and let
them go before a commission who
should examine both schemes and re-
port on something feasible.

Senator Baldwin replied to Senator
Brown's argument on whether or not
the bill passed the House. He said he
had no fear of its unconstitutionality.

The motion of Senator Brown to
adopt that portion of the majority re-
port which recommended laying the
Income Tax bill on the table resulted
in a tie vote, Senators Brown, Kau-
huna, Lee, Wilcox, Lyman and Hol-
stein voting to adopt and Senators
Baldwin, Wright, Hocking, Kepoikali,
Schmidt and McCandless voting not
to adopt. President Wilder voted not
to adopt.

The motion to lay the bill on the
table repealing Schedule E prevailed,
Senators Baldwin, Wright, Hocking,
Kepoikali, Schmidt, McCandless, Hol-
stein and Kauhuna voting in favor and
Senators Brown, Rice, Wilcox and Ly-
man voting in the negative.

The bill providing that all laymen
shall pay a fee of fifty cents for exam-
ining the books in the Registry of
Conveyances was received from the
printers and went to the Judiciary
Committee.

At 2:5 o'clock the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

The Loan Bill was taken up for
consideration and a couple of items
were dealt with when the resolution
dealing with the restoration of liberty
and civil rights to certain of the po-
litical prisoners, was brought up for
consideration. The committee reported
to the effect that the resolution be
adopted.

Minister Damon made a short speech
recommending the adoption of the re-
solution. Rep. Richards was very
much opposed to any such action and
moved that the resolution be laid on
the table. He would vote against
adoption even though Minister Damon
had said that he was in favor of it be-
cause he did not believe that official
expressed the wish of the Cabinet.

Attorney-General Smith said that
the power of restoring rights and par-
doning was in the hands of the Presi-
dent when recommended by the Coun-
cil of State. The Legislature could ex-
press its opinion, which the resolution
clearly did. The adoption of the
same would not embarrass the Exe-
cutive or the Council of State. The
policy of the Government was well un-
derstood. Many of the political pris-
oners had already been pardoned. The
resolution seemed unnecessary but
yet it would do no harm.

Rep. Robertson as chairman of the
committee to whom the resolution had
been referred, stated that, when he
was a member of the Council of State,
it was the policy then to recommend
pardon for those who would take the
oath to support the Government.
Those who would not consent to this
would not be recommended for par-
don. It was certainly the proper
policy for the Legislature to express an
opinion in the matter. Those who had
been banished from the country had
been pardoned. The others here at
home, not yet pardoned, were natives
and people belonging here. They
were out of jail on parole with fines
hanging over their heads. On the
eve of annexation it was but fit and
proper that they should all be pardoned.

Upon being put to vote, the motion
to lay the resolution on the table was
lost. Reps. Richards and Gear being
the only ones who voted in the affir-
mative. The motion to adopt the re-
solution was carried, the same two mem-
bers voting in the negative.

In the beginning of the session a
motion to the effect that when the
House adjourned, it should not meet
again until Monday, was reconsidered
and the motion to adjourn carried at
11 a m.

The opening business of yesterday's
session was the reading of amend-
ments to Senate Bills 4 and 5, not con-
sidered in by the Senate. At nearly
every item there were cries of "kue"
from the members.

Representative Loebenstein arose at
the completion of the reading of the
amendments to Senate Bill 4 and
moved that the House do not concur.
The Senate had thrown out items in
the bill that the House had carefully

considered for days and days. The
Senate spent two hours at the most
on the bill. Representative Robert-
son moved that a special committee
be appointed to confer with the Sen-
ate committee on the items non-con-
curred in.

Minister Damon stated that he knew
from members of the Senate and the
Executive that the bill had been placed
in its present shape so as to obtain a
conference with the House Committee.
He suggested the appointment of a
special committee.

Representative Gear said he was sur-
prised at the action of the Senate. He
knew from some of the members that
the sole reason for non-concurrence in
the items had been the fact that there
was no information forthcoming in
regard to these. It was the
object to let the House do the work.

The following special committee
was announced by the Speaker to con-
fer with Senate Committees on the
appropriation bills:

On Senate Bill 4—Representatives
Robertson, Pogue and Achi.

On Senate Bill 5—Representatives
Gear, Atkinson and Isenberg.

Representative Robertson reported
for the Joint Judiciary Committee of
the Senate and House on Senate
amendments to House substitute to
Senate bill 27, relating to the jurisdic-
tion of the Circuit court of the First
Circuit. The Senate had receded from
its amendments and recommended
passage of the bill as passed by the
House. The report was adopted.

Second reading of the Loan Bill.
Various changes were made.

A recess was taken at 12 m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

At the afternoon session of the
House the Loan Bill was again taken
up for consideration. The most im-
portant item was that of \$257,000.00
for sewerage. Minister Cooper exhib-
ited a number of maps showing the
system proposed for Honolulu. Rep-
resentative Pogue stated that he was
in favor of a sewerage system for Hon-
olulu, but he did not think it proper
that the money should all be taken
out of the proposed law. The property
holders should pay for some part of
the system. Ministers and members
were in favor of a sewerage system.

The matter of using the sewage as fer-
tilizer was spoken of. Representative
Pogue stated that sewage had done a
great deal of good for the farms in
San Jose. Representative McCandless
spoke of success in such countries as
Belgium, where fruits, etc., were raised
on the sandiest kind of soil by using
sewage. The Chinese were referred
to as being people who knew the value
of sewage. Every bit was saved by
them and used to great advantage.

Representative McCandless wanted the
outlet on the west side of the harbor.
It would be dangerous on the east side,
as proposed in the plans. The current
was off to the westward and should
therefore be placed there. The At-
torney General explained that the mat-
ter had been thoroughly gone into by
Mr. Herring, the engineer in whose
hands the matter of a sewerage system
had been placed. The Board of Health
first recommended placing the outlet
on the westward side, but Mr. Herring
had found the east side better. Sew-
age was taken over a mile out to sea
and upon returning was in such a di-
luted form that there was absolutely
no danger.

Representative Richards made a long
speech against the system. It was
not a revenue producer and would
come out of the expenses for all the
Islands. Honolulu, as the seat of gov-
ernment, was getting about half of the
appropriations and a line should be
drawn when it was a question of \$257-
000.

Representatives Richards and Loeb-
enstein then threw a few bouquets at
each other, the former standing
against and the latter for, the sewage
system.

Representatives Richards, Paris,
Pogue and Kaal moved to strike out
the item. Of course the motion was
lost. The item then carried by a vote
of 8 to 4.

House adjourned at 4 p. m.

A Monster Mail.

Honolulu mail has been accumulat-
ing quite rapidly at the postoffice for
several days and the Foreign Office
will make a big addition to what might
be called the regular amount. The
whole of the Foreign Office force of
clerks was busy yesterday with letters
and papers left by the Boys in Blue.
There were handled 5,249 letters, 249
postal cards and 656 papers.

The Gazette Company is sending
away for Boys in Blue 1,100 papers of
the special edition containing a full
account of the visit of the second ex-
pedition. The souvenir number will
be in colors and copies will be on sale
at this office today.

Dowsett Estate Receiver

Upon the application of all the heirs
in the country Judge Stanley yesterday
appointed J. M. Dowsett temporary re-
ceiver of the estate of the late Jas. I.
Dowsett. S. M. Ballou appeared for
the petitioners for the appointment.
According to the returns the estate is
valued at something like \$370,000. The
annual income from this estate is
something like \$50,000 a year. The ac-
tion of appointing a receiver is made
necessary by the business interests of
the estate.

S. W. Wilcox, ex-sheriff of Kauai,
will leave for America by the Pacific
Mail steamer today.

THEY ARE HOPEFUL

Ten Days Set for Limit of An- nexation Debate in Senate.

WHITE URGED TO FALL IN LINE

Strength Placed at Not Less Than
Sixty—More News of Vic-
torious Fleet.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—The back-
bone of the opposition to Hawaiian
annexation is broken. Ten days now
is set as the limit of debate and the
only danger lies in the fact that many
Republicans have made pairs and
gone home, which may prevent a vote.
Senators Davis, Frye and Lodge, how-
ever, say they do not fear this out-
come.

The pressure of the House Demo-
crats upon Senator White has com-
menced. Many leaders in the House
on the Democratic side have expressed
their opinion that White is seriously
damaging their chances before the
people this fall. This is being im-
pressed upon White and as well upon
Senator Jones of Arkansas, chairman
of the Democratic National Commit-
tee.

Jones today admitted the force of
this argument, and White, in the
course of private conversation, where
he expressed himself freely, said he
thought a fair discussion would take
not more than ten days. This would
indicate a vote early in the last week
of June, which may mean adjourn-
ment by July 2d. Meanwhile there is
a steady growth of the annexation
feeling in the Senate. Tonight there
is a belief that the strength of the
Newlands resolution is not less than
sixty. Senator Mills, Senator McLauren,
Senator Wellington and Senator
Sullivan are now counted for the resolu-
tion. All but the latter have been
claimed all the time by the opposi-
tion, but today they were put into the
annexation column.

The Newlands resolution was re-
ported in the Senate today and Davis
gave notice that he would call up the
measure tomorrow. Later, however,
the Senate adjourned until Monday.
The resolution will be called up Mon-
day just after morning business.

Only about fifteen minutes time was
consumed by the Senate Foreign Rela-
tions Committee in reaching a con-
clusion to report the resolutions for the
acquisition of the Hawaiian Islands
by the United States. Only two of the
Democratic members, Turpie
and Mills, were present at the
meeting, and they contented them-
selves by recording their votes in op-
position to a motion to report favor-
ably, showing no disposition to delay
the action by the committee. Sen-
ator Davis stated that he was author-
ized to cast the vote of Senator Mor-
gan (D.) in the affirmative.

The fact developed that while the
resolution first received the sanction
of the House, it was prepared by Sen-
ator Davis, and no disposition was
manifested to change it in any re-
spect.

After some opposition to delay, Mor-
gan yielded to the motion to postpone
to Monday, and it prevailed.

Mason declared himself in line for
annexation at a meeting in Chicago
tonight.

This is the text of the Joint Resolu-
tion of annexation as introduced by
Newlands and passed by the United
States House of Representatives. The
resolution is now before the Senate.

"Whereas, The Government of the
Republic of Hawaii having in due
form signified its consent, in the
manner provided by its constitution
to cede absolutely and without reserve
to the United States of America all the
rights of sovereignty of whatever
kind and over the Hawaiian Islands
and their dependencies, and also to
cede and transfer to the United States
the absolute fee and ownership of all
public, Government or crown lands
public buildings or edifices, ports, har-
bors, military equipment and all other
public property of every kind and
description belonging to the Govern-
ment of the Hawaiian Islands, togeth-
er with every right and appurtenance
thereunto appertaining, therefore be
it

Resolved, That said cession is ac-
cepted, ratified and confirmed, and
that the said Hawaiian Islands and
their dependencies be, and they are
hereby, annexed as a part of the ter-
ritory of the United States and are
subject to the sovereign dominion
thereof, and that all and singular the
property and rights hereinbefore
mentioned are vested in the United
States of America.

"The existing laws of the United
States relative to public lands shall
not apply to such lands in the Ha-
waiian Islands, but the Congress of the
United States shall enact special laws
for their management and disposition
provided that all revenue from or
proceeds of the same except as may
be used or occupied for the civil, military
or naval purposes of the United States,
or may be assigned for use of the local

government, shall be used solely for
the benefit of the inhabitants of the
Hawaiian Islands for educational and
other public purposes.

"Until Congress shall provide for
the government of such Islands all the
civil, judicial and military powers ex-
ercised by the officers of the existing
government in said Islands shall be
vested in such person or persons, as
the President of the United States
shall direct; and the President shall
have power to remove the said officers
and to fill the vacancies so occasioned.

"The existing treaties of the Ha-
waiian Islands with foreign nations shall
forthwith cease and determine, being
replaced by such treaties as may ex-
ist, or as may hereafter be concluded,
between the United States and such
foreign nations.

"The municipal legislation of the
Hawaiian Islands, not enacted for the
fulfillment of the treaties so exting-
uished, and not inconsistent with this
joint resolution not contrary to the
Constitution of the United States, shall
remain in force until the Con-
gress of the United States shall other-
wise determine.

"Until legislation shall be enacted
extending the United States customs
laws and regulations to the Hawaiian
Islands the existing customs regula-
tions of the Hawaiian Islands with
the United States and other countries
shall remain unchanged.

"The public debt of the Republic of
Hawaii lawfully existing at the date
of the passage of this joint resolution,
including the amounts due to deposi-
tors in the Hawaiian Postal Savings
Bank, is hereby assumed by the Gov-
ernment of the United States, but the
liability of the United States in this
regard shall in no case exceed \$4,000-
000.

"So long, however, as the existing
government and the present com-
mercial relations of the Hawaiian Islands
are continued as hereinbefore provid-
ed said government shall continue to
pay the interest on said debt.

"There shall be no further immigra-
tion of Chinese into the Hawaiian
Islands, except upon such conditions
as are now or may hereafter be allowed
by the laws of the United States; and
no Chinese, by reason of anything
herein contained, shall be allowed to
enter the United States from the Ha-
waiian Islands.

"The President shall appoint five
commissioners, at least two of whom
shall be residents of the Hawaiian
Islands, who shall, as soon as reason-
ably practicable, recommend to Con-
gress such legislation concerning the
Hawaiian Islands as they shall deem
necessary or proper.

"Sec. 2. That the commissioners
hereinbefore provided for shall be ap-
pointed by the President, by and with
the consent and advice of the Senate.

"Sec. 3.—That the sum of \$100,000,
or so much thereof as may be neces-
sary, is hereby appropriated out of
any money in the treasury not other-
wise appropriated, and to be imme-
diately available, to be expended at
the discretion of the President of the
United States of America, for the pur-
pose of carrying this joint resolution
into effect."

MORTGAGED FOR A MILLION.

The Chronicle of June 15 says that
the California Beet Sugar and Refin-
ery Company, of which R. P. Rittner
is president, has mortgaged its prop-
erty to the California Safe Deposit
and Trust Company for \$1,000,000,
the document being placed on record
yesterday at the City Hall. The mort-
gage, which is made to secure the
payment of 6 per cent gold bonds,
payable in fifteen years, with interest
payable semi-annually, covers the re-
finery, factory, warehouses, wharves
and machinery of the company's plant
at Port Costa, near the town of Crook-
ett, formerly known as the Starr
Mills. The indebtedness was author-
ized at a meeting of the board of
directors held in April 18th.

A THOUSAND KILLED

LIVERPOOL, June 12.—Steamers
which have arrived here from Sierra
Leone report that 1,000 persons were
killed in the recent uprising in that
district. One hundred and twenty in-
habitants of Freetown, most of them
traders, are known to have been mas-
sacred, and other colonists were car-
ried into the bush by the "war boys"
and undoubtedly met a worse fate.
Three hundred friendly natives were
killed. Besides the white missionaries
six colored missionaries of the United
Brethren of Christ were murdered at
Manohargu. The English misalona-
res are at the mercy of the "war
boys," but have not been molested.

Philippine Islanders will not be ac-
cepted for the present in the American
army of occupation. The following
official notice settles the question.

Acting upon information this day
received, upon the subject of enlist-
ment of natives of the Philippine Is-
lands, Major-General Otis, command-
ing, directs that for the present no
such natives be enlisted, either in
our regular or in our volunteer reg-
iments.

JOHN SEHON,
Assistant Adjutant-General, United
States Volunteers.

Hundreds of thousands have been in-
duced to try Chamberlain's Cough Re-
medy by reading what it has done for
others, and having tested its merits
for themselves are today its warmest
friends. For sale by all druggists and
dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd.,
agents for Hawaiian Islands.

OFF FOR MANILA

Gen. Greene's Brigade Has Sailed
Away.

WAS GIVEN A WARM ALOHA

Some Men Left-In Dilemma—A
Death on the S. S. Colon.

'Swimming Feat.

NO. 2 GONE.

The town was all agog at an early hour Saturday morning to witness the departure of the troop ships and to bid farewell to members of Gen. Greene's gallant command. Even at 5 a. m., the first departure hour mentioned, there were great crowds on the water front. At 8, when it had been announced the ships would surely steam away, the wharves were crowded and the bay was alive with small craft. But Boys in Blue were about town till after the noon hour. At midday it was stated as coming from the flagship in the form of orders that the fleet would move at 1 o'clock sharp. It did finally bear away to the southwest at 1:15, with the majestic China proudly leading. From early morning till the ships were on the very instant of departure the amenities of Honolulu hospitality continued active. The citizens could not do too much for Uncle Sam's brave boys going to distant battlefields. The soldiers made many friends here and there was much earnest feeling in some of the partings. The Senator was the last steamer to leave the bay. She was cheered loudly, as were all the others. The troops carried away an immense amount of fruit presented by men and women of Honolulu. The men of this brigade had been given pay of two months in San Francisco and purchased supplies in large amounts here. Before leaving all of the men expressed themselves as deeply grateful for the courtesies shown them while in Honolulu.

LATE AND LEFT.

The last trip of the Mohican launch with belated Boys in Blue was made at 1 p. m., with a passenger list of eight men. The ships were ten miles out when a boy who had been trying swines as an experiment came along to the tug wharf and offered Capt. Hibus of the Elu the vast sum of \$2 to catch the Zealandia. The captain was sorry to be compelled to refuse the charter. After the transport fleet was well away there were seen in town a number of members of hospital corps, several privates of different companies and one lieutenant. They said they had been given shore liberty and had no idea they would be left.

There seems to be no definite idea as to the exact number of men left here by the transports, outside of the ones who were sick. However it is certain that there are at least two.

The Belgic, which sailed at 8 a. m. on Sunday, took a lieutenant and one private who overstayed their limit ashore. The men got down to the landing as the transports were well under way. The Mohican signalled to them to stop and sent the steam launch out with the two men in question. Over ten miles was traveled when the Mohican signalled to the launch to return to port. The chase was a fruitless one. The transports had evidently not seen the signals.

The lieutenant and private will arrive in Hong Kong before the transports and will then if possible, return to their respective companies.

DIED IN AN INSTANT.

The second cook of the transport steamer Colon died suddenly of dropsy of the heart while on duty Saturday morning. He had not mentioned that he was at all ill or subject to attacks of any sort.

It was learned that the man's name was Chas. H. Robinson and that he was a member of the I. O. O. F. The captain of the Colon at once sent up town for Dr. C. T. Rodgers, C. S. Crane, L. L. LaPierre and other well known members of the Odd Fellows lodges of this city. The local Odd Fellows responded nobly. They took charge of the remains and in the afternoon gave burial, using a lot in the I. O. O. F. plot in Nuuanu cemetery. The clergyman was Rev. G. L. Pearson, of the First Methodist church, and his brief discourse was a very impressive one.

Robinson was 48 years of age and a quiet man of good habits. He was born in New York, but called Santa Rosa, Calif., his home. He had been in business there and his mother resides at that place. Robinson had written to his mother a very affectionate letter. His life insurance policy for \$3,000 he had assigned to his brother.

The captain of the Colon was very complimentary in mentioning the manner in which the Odd Fellows of Honolulu looked after the dead brother. It is believed that Robinson was also a Grand Army man. In looking over his papers Saturday night an honorable discharge indicating service in the Federal Army during the war in the United States, was found.

The lieutenant stated to friends on shore after the departure of the ships that he had been detailed to shore duty by his officers and was not given sufficient notice of the leaving of his transport.

GOOD SWIMMER

A departing soldier on the ship Senator attempted to throw a letter to some one on the wharf to mail. The wind carried the letter out into the water where it was picked up by one of the little native boys who dive for coin. While the little fellow was holding the letter up and swimming in with it a lady's hat also blew into the water. The boy swam to the hat, secured it and holding it aloft in one hand and the letter in the other swam in with his feet only. Both the departing soldier and the spectators on the wharf loudly applauded the plucky

boy. The letter got into the hands of Charles E. Rice, who wrote an explanation of the incident and enclosing all in another envelope, addressed it to C. E. Hyde, Geneva, Neb.

NOTES.

Dr. John Coffin, of Beaver Falls, surgeon of the Tenth Pennsylvania; Capt. A. M. Porter, of Company H, and Capt. F. B. Hawkins, of Company D, Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, were entertained by Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Hopper and W. M. Templeton. The two captains are from Washington, Pa., and the surgeon from the home of the Templetons. They have many mutual acquaintances.

Capt. F. D. Eager, of Company H, Nebraska Volunteers, and Frank Harris, of Fullerton, found an old friend in E. Farmer, of the Ewa government school. Capt. Eager and Mr. Farmer were fellow students in the State University of Nebraska.

Col. A. L. Hawkins, commanding the Tenth Pennsylvania regiment, and Rev. T. D. Garvin, of this city, found fellow townsmen in each other. They are both from Washington, Pa., the family of Col. Hawkins has been there for 116 years, while Mr. Garvin was at one time in the mercantile business in the same place.

SOME ROSTERS.

Tenth Pennsylvania:

Colonel A. L. Hawkins, lieutenant colonel, J. E. Barnett; adjutant, Lieutenant Harry B. Duncan; major, First Battalion, Harry C. Cuthbertson; battalion adjutant, Lieutenant O. S. Scott; major, Second Battalion, Everhart Bierer; battalion adjutant, Lieutenant C. C. Crowell; quartermaster, Lieutenant L. B. McCormick and Lieutenant John M. Coffin; chaplain, Captain Joseph L. Hunter; non-commissioned—Robert Anderson, commissary sergeant; John Wentling, quartermaster; Clarence Rehn, drum major, and Reno Mosler, drum major.

Company A, Monongahela—Captain Gustave Schaff, First Lieutenant R. L. Tidball, Second Lieutenant John Bwing.

Company B, New Brighton—Captain Harry J. Watson, First Lieutenant E. H. Corey, Second Lieutenant E. H. Thomas.

Company C, Uniontown—Captain Daniel Bierer, First Lieutenant Chas. Howard, Second Lieutenant Robert M. Wood.

Company D, Cornelsville—Captain F. B. Hawkins, First Lieutenant H. A. Crow, Second Lieutenant A. J. Buttermore.

Company E, Mount Pleasant—Captain J. A. Lear, First Lieutenant Jas. Harkins, Second Lieutenant J. G. Thompson.

Company H, Washington—Captain A. M. Porter, First Lieutenant Blaine Alken, Second Lieutenant W. B. Ritchie.

Company I, Greensburg—Captain W. S. Finney, First Lieutenant R. D. Laird, Second Lieutenant Richard Coulter, Jr.

Company K, Waynesburg—Captain T. S. Craig, First Lieutenant J. W. Wiley, Second Lieutenant G. L. Gordon.

The officers of the Nebraska regiment are: Colonel John P. Bratt of Bennett, Lieutenant Colonel George R. Colton of David City, First Lieutenant Lee Forby of Omaha, adjutant, First Lieutenant Lincoln Wilson of Lincoln, quartermaster; Major F. A. Snyder of Lincoln, chief surgeon; Captain C. L. Mullins of Broken Bow, first assistant surgeon; First Lieutenant R. P. Jensen of Omaha, second assistant surgeon, and Captain James Malley of Lincoln, chaplain.

Major Harry B. Mulford of Omaha is in command of the First Battalion, consisting of Companies L, E, A, D. The towns from which these companies came and their officers are: Company L of Omaha—Captain W. C. Taylor, First Lieutenant C. M. Richards and Second Lieutenant J. M. Tompsett.

Company E of David City—Captain J. F. Zellinger, First Lieutenant F. B. Naracony and Second Lieutenant Deo W. Burr.

Company A of York—Captain Geo. H. Holdeman, First Lieutenant Fred. M. Yale and Second Lieutenant Daniel Corcoran.

Company D of Lincoln—Captain M. Herpolsheimer, First Lieutenant J. Cosgrove and Second Lieutenant W. Russell.

Major John M. Stotsenburg of Lincoln, an officer in the Sixth United States Cavalry, is in command of the Second Cavalry, consisting of Companies C, H, I and G. The places in Nebraska where these companies were made up and their officers are:

Company C of Beatrice—Captain A. H. Hollingworth, First Lieutenant H. L. Archer and Second Lieutenant W. R. McLaughlin.

Company H of Nelson—Captain F. D. Edger, First Lieutenant William Moore and Second Lieutenant Charles Van Valin.

Company I of Bennett—Captain William H. Stockham, First Lieutenant Christian Hansen and Second Lieutenant Andrew C. Smith.

Company G of Geneva—Captain F. A. Williams, First Lieutenant Claud Ough and Second Lieutenant Bert Fisher.

These are the officers of the battalion from the Twenty-third, regulars: Colonel Samuel Overhine, Lieutenant Colonel John W. French, Adjutant and First Lieutenant Charles B. Hagadorn, Quartermaster and First Lieutenant William H. Sage, Commissary and First Lieutenant Schley, Captain E. B. Pratt, in command of the First battalion, consisting of Companies E, D, H and F. Company E—Captain Franklin, Second Lieutenant Thomas Franklin. Company D—Captain Lea Febiger, First Lieutenant George Moore, Second Lieutenant C. E. Hampton. Company H—Captain Steven O'Connor. Company F—Captain J. R. Pickett, Second Lieutenant Kent Captain G. A. Goodale, in command of the Second battalion, consisting of Companies A, G, B and C. Company A—Captain G. A. Goodale, Second Lieutenant G. A. Goodale, Jr. Company G—Captain E. B. Bolton, Second Lieutenant T. G. F. Strenziener. Company B—Lieutenant R. R. Stevens. Company C—Captain W. H. Nichols.

A DEATH ASHORE

Boy in Blue Passes Away
in Honolulu.

Was in the Red Cross Hospital.
Received Best Care—A Sad
Funeral Held.

The Honolulu Red Cross Hospital has had its first death. H. C. Fisk, a member of the Lincoln Company of the Nebraska Regiment in the second Manila expedition, was the man. He was ill of typhoid fever, was sailing at San Francisco, was sick all of the way down and was unconscious when brought ashore here. Fisk was about 22 years of age and the papers he had show that he was well connected and a man of character and good standing. The death occurred at 8 o'clock yesterday morning. Fisk was given every care and attention possible by the ladies and physicians of Honolulu. He had the benefit of treatment by the leading medical men of the Islands and the watchful ministrations not only of trained nurses, but of ladies extremely anxious to aid in his recovery. Twenty-four hours before the young man died it was seen that there was no hope. Those about Fisk were greatly grieved on account of his fatal illness and his inability to say anything for himself. He was absolutely among strangers, but had loving and constant care.

The funeral was held yesterday afternoon from Central Union church and was a very sad affair. Red Cross and other ladies brought many flowers for the casket and grave. The pall bearers were members of the National Guard of Hawaii and an escort from the National Guard, commanded by Lieutenant Ludewig, attended the funeral. Rev. D. P. Birnie spoke most feelingly, both at the church and at the grave. Many were moved to tears.

On Saturday there were six patients in the Red Cross hospital. These were attended by volunteers and paid nurses under the direction of Mrs. C. B. Wood. There is no lack of volunteers. On duty at different times were noticed a number of the most prominent ladies of the city.

One of the patients seen on Saturday was the man who has since died. Another is quite ill. A third is convalescent, occupying a reclining chair. The other three are able to be about. All regretted very much that they had been left behind.

The Red Cross hospital is in the Child Garden building on Beretania street. The place is now well equipped for the work at hand. Every doctor in the city is a volunteer on the staff of physicians and surgeons.

THIRD EXPEDITION.

Nearly 4,000 Men Coming in Five
Ships.

San Francisco advices are that the third expedition was scheduled to leave that place on the 24th. The observing ones said the departure would be several days later.

There will be five ships with the brigade of Maj. Gen. Otis.

Gen. Merritt may be along. The assignment of troops makes a footing of 3,850 men from Idaho, Minnesota, Wyoming and North Dakota, with recruits and perhaps some United States regulars.

The transports mentioned are the Morgan City, Indiana, City of Para, Ohio and Valencia.

Visiting the Monterey.

About 2,000 people, including a very large proportion of native Hawaiians, visited the monitor Monterey yesterday afternoon. The shore boats did a rushing business and all the small craft of the bay were rushed into commission. All the callers were much impressed with the great guns pointing from the turrets. The small amount of superstructure for a vessel carrying nearly 200 men was astonishing. So soon as there was a crowd aboard the turrets became tabu. Otherwise the officers and men were very courteous and attentive to visitors.

It was plainly to be seen that in the slightest sea all of the deck of the Monterey would be awash. When all the coal is aboard the monitor will draw a foot and a half more water than yesterday.

Lanai's Well.

R. D. Walbridge is informed from Lanai that the artesian well recently made there for the new plantation company has developed so far a supply of 1,160,000 gallons in twenty-four hours. Water was found at 45 feet, but boring continued to 81 feet. Water rises three feet, six inches above the top of the well. The site of the well is sixteen feet, nine inches above the level of the sea. Other wells are to be sunk at once.

Mission Children.

Following are the new officers for the Mission Children's Society:

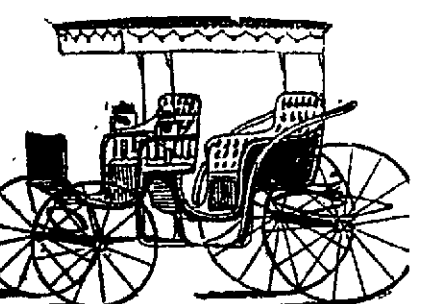
Rev. J. Leedingham, president; Rev. A. V. Soares, vice-president; Rev. O. H. Gulick, recording secretary; Lyle A. Dickey, treasurer; Miss M. A. Chamberlain, corresponding secretary; Miss Charlotte Hall, associate corresponding secretary; Elective members of the board, J. S. Emerson and Mrs. L. B. Coan.

The schooner Heela came in from Oahu ports on Sunday.



FIRST AMERICAN OFFICER KILLED BY SPANIARDS.
Ensign Worth Bagley was the first American officer killed in the war with Spain. Ensign Bagley was attached to the torpedo boat Winslow. He was killed by the explosion of a shell at the bombardment of Cardenas. Four members of the Winslow's crew met death with the brave young ensign.

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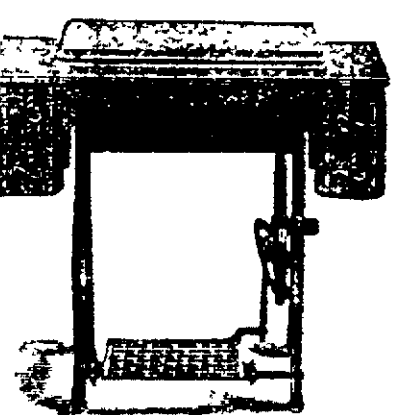
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Carpet, Ribbons, Laces and
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RUBBER STAMPS

AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE

HAWAIIAN GAZETTE.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

W. N. ARMSTRONG, EDITOR.

TUESDAY, JUNE 28, 1898

FORCE OF CIRCUMSTANCES.

So far as we can estimate from an examination of the American papers, there has been no period of time, during the last year in which the annexation of these Islands received so little attention. A stranger to American thought would infer from this fact, that the people were generally indifferent on the question.

Deep interest in the war absorbs public attention.

But the situation illustrates the irresistible power of the "Force of circumstances." While public opinion in America falls away into a temporary calm on the Hawaiian question, suddenly from another and unexpected quarter there arises an energy, "the force of circumstances," which acts like a tornado, takes up Hawaii as if she were a leaf in the woods, and whisks her along into the arms of the American Union.

The fervent arguments, the appeals to national pride, the prayer of the naval men for a great strategic base are mere flimsy powers, in comparison with the great "Force of circumstances" that develops out of the evolution of the world's affairs. All that has been said in the American Senate by able and eloquent Senators, has been less effective in changing the aspect of politics and commerce in the Pacific than Dewey's rapid firing guns. The protracted, earnest, intelligent efforts of our own people in the States, in the cause of annexation, are incomparable with the influence of that "strange elliptical dance of death" in Manila bay, in creating moral revolution.

We have repeatedly said in these columns, that our local conditions, the Asiatic question, and all other questions were trifling, whenever the United States really wanted these Islands. They now want them, even if they were populated by wild men of Borneo. All this shows the curious relation of mind and matter, and how often it is that matter seems to be superior to mind. America "punches" Spain's head. The same "punch" drives Hawaii into the Union. Reason sits on the fence and watches the vigorous punching.

While the "Force of Circumstances" is driving, if it has not already driven, us into the American Union, we must prepare ourselves for some surprises in the near future. Annexation will create a certain healthy condition of things, but it will also develop some unhealthy conditions. Those who wish for stability in the general government will be gratified. Those who care only for their own interests will be somewhat disappointed.

SPANISH FEROCITY.

The influence of Admiral Cervera's chivalrous act will be entirely neutralized if the common soldiers practice cruelty. The government of the United States has adopted the plan of making no warfare in Cuba, that will not, at every point, give its own troops the advantage in numbers and guns, so as to preclude the chance of any prisoners being taken by the Spaniards. It must fight them with the understanding that its foe, so far as soldiers, and the most of the officers are concerned, is utterly pitiless.

"During the first Carlist war, when Carnicer was succeeded by Cabrera, the war became a scandalous butchery. In an article in Blackwood's Magazine, September, 1846, the writer says:—'Thenceforward the infant in the cradle, the bedridden old man, the pregnant matron, were included among the victims. A mere suspicion of liberal opinions, the possession of a guardsman's uniform, a glass of water given to a wounded Christiano, a distant relationship to a partisan of the Queen, was sentence of death. The rules of civilized warfare were set at naught, and Cabrera, in obedience to his sanguinary instincts, committed his murders, not only when they might possibly advance, but even when they must positively injure, the cause of him whom he styled his sovereign. Those days that I do not shed blood,' said he in July, 1837, when waiting in the ante chamber of Don Carlos among a group of Carlist generals, 'I have not a good digestion.' During the five years of his command his digestion can rarely have been troubled."

UNFORTUNATE EX-QUEEN.

Evidence accumulates that the publication of "Hawaii, by Hawaii's Queen," by Liliuokalani has largely destroyed the unity of the native opinion in favor of the Monarchy. Nothing that can be said by the foreign element against it is so effective as the slurs on Queen Emma which

abound in the book. They are unjust, untrue, and entirely unnecessary. Liliuokalani and the person who revised her work were poor politicians. They had with them until its publication the racial sympathies of the natives, but in the foolish desire to magnify herself, the ex-Queen attempted to humble the Kamehamehas. It was a stupid blunder. It was treason by one of the race towards the race. It was the kind of treason, too, which the natives fully comprehend. It touches their social life, their thoughts, their traditions. The ex-Queen, in her selfishness put the knife into the most sensitive part of the native Hawaiian's body.

She seems to have had extraordinary capacity for securing bad advice. As there was abundance of it to be had she took it freely. So she has faithfully worked out her own destruction.

WHERE ARE WE?

Friday last, the 24th, was set as the limit for debate in the Senate upon the joint resolution for annexation of Hawaii. Under the circumstances, it is almost safe to assume that the debate ended, the resolution was adopted, and has been already signed by the President.

As the joint resolution is drawn, and taken in connection with the treaty of annexation as ratified by the Hawaiian Senate, the act of annexation is probably effective and complete without further action in the matter by our Senate.

If this view is correct, and nothing has obstructed the vote on the joint resolution, Hawaii is today a part of the United States. The signing of the joint resolution by the President, if it is necessary, would be the final act. We believe there is no provision for the act of annexation becoming effective upon notice of any kind. So that, as a matter of fact, the flag ought to be floating over the Executive building, and the native Hawaiians may now be citizens of the United States.

WE TRY TO BE HOSPITABLE.

The citizens of Honolulu have entertained over 4,000 enlisted men of the American army for three days, during the last week, and it has been most successfully done. The arrangements involved less hard and menial labor on the part of the generous ladies who assisted, than the entertainment of the first division of troops. No more admirable place could be found than the extensive grounds around the Executive building, with the stately royal palms and large shade trees. The lawn covered with "wire" grass, as it is called in some states, and Bermuda grass in other states, made an excellent and attractive green carpet for these thousands of men to lie upon. The tables for refreshments were wholly in the shade. On the whole, it may be modestly claimed that 4,000 men have not been entertained by private citizens so generously in any part of the United States.

The chapter of social incidents is long and interesting, and it proved once more how small the world is. Hardly a resident failed to meet among the officers or men, either an old acquaintance, or a mutual friend. Many brought notes of introduction. College men met college men. The newspaper men found many acquaintances. Business men met the sons of other business men in the ranks. The ocean between America and Hawaii narrowed to a mere channel.

The ladies of Honolulu were again on their mettle. As the transports came within the harbor, the earnest cry for pie from the enlisted men went over the city and reverberated back from the mountains. A thousand young warriors, some of them quite homesick, too, took their pie, raised their eyes in gratitude and murmured "It is my mother's pie." The enthusiasm of the ladies of this place has known no bounds. Honolulu, in every possible way, generously threw open her doors to these men, who follow Old Glory, and like the hospitable Arab said to one and all, "My house is your house."

SOLDIERS AS STUDENTS AND SETTLERS.

War educates better than schools in the study of physical geography. It takes its pupils away from home and teaches by sight. War is also a powerful colonizer. It moves men to new and strange countries and plants them there.

More than 5,000 pupils in "blue" have studied with eye, while the transports were in port, the life of the tropics. Some thousands of men, marching along our streets, or pushing into the valleys, have seen for the first time in their lives, the actual growth of the palm, the coconut, the banana, and the pine apple. It is a lesson taken by the eye, and not by the head.

The boys from Pennsylvania instinctively compared these aspects of soil, and growth, with the fertile valleys of the Susquehanna, the Cumberland, and the Alleghany. Would they exchange those prosperous farms for

the sugar and coffee and banana plantations?

The Colorado men looked upon this picture of rich foliage, and bright flowers, and then recalled that picture of barren crags. Would they, too, make an exchange?

The transports now ploughing into the seas beyond us carry thousands of those who as yet are in their early manhood. They are thinking over the lesson in physical geography they have learned during the last few days. They fully confess that here, indeed, is a dreamland, with all the evidences and appliances of civilization.

A considerable percentage of these boys leave us with the purpose of returning and settling here. It is natural. This is the history of all crusades. The soldier fixes himself to the soil he conquers or visits, if it is congenial. The census ten years from this date may tell us what the war did for the occupation of Hawaii by immigrants. This lesson in physical geography may yet take a serious turn. We have, unconsciously, invited an army of settlers, without having provided any method of disposing of them. But as a part of the United States, these Islands will be subject to the same regulations and experiences as other parts of that great country, and its inhabitants will experience the same ups and downs in the fortunes of life, as they do elsewhere.

RAPID TRANSIT.

The bill providing for rapid transit in this city is in peril in the Senate. It merits with unexpected opposition. The importance of the bill is beyond question. The probabilities are that if no provision is now made for it, now, after annexation, it will not be undertaken for some time, or, if it is, it will be entirely and wholly in the hands of some American syndicate that will obtain from Congress the right to "slaughter" us. We shall be helpless in a fight with capitalists who will work with politicians near political headquarters. Unless we now, and through our own Legislature provide for rapid transit, the Philistines will do it for us. Supremely important as annexation is, it will not be an unmixed blessing.

At this moment, every one who has an interest in rapid and clean transit, everyone who wishes to see the outlying lands developed into pretty and comfortable homes, everyone who desires emancipation from the mule despotism, should come forward at once, and use his influence in securing the passage of the Act providing for rapid transit. There is really nothing that will contribute more to the comfort of daily life here than the right kind of transit.

THE KAMEHAMEHA SCHOOLS.

In another column is published Dr. Maxwell's recent letter to the Principal of the Kamehameha Schools, in reply to some requests for suggestions regarding the "new departure" in instruction.

This new departure is an effort by the trustees of the schools to make the students successful agriculturists and horticulturists, because in those directions lie the best hope of maintaining and even restoring the native Hawaiian race. In the mechanical and in many other of the industries, the natives are brought at once into competition with the skilled men of other races, who gradually drive them to the wall. But if the native is educated in the study of the soil, and its products, and is, moreover, trained thoroughly in the practical treatment of it, he will, or should be, able to maintain himself against all competition, so far as his own living is concerned.

Dr. Maxwell states that which cannot be stated too often that the prosperity of this community is entirely dependent upon agriculture. For that reason, education in the best methods of producing from the soil is of the first importance.

The main objects of these schools should be, as Dr. Maxwell says, to furnish the graduates with "tools" to work with. He does not mean the "tools" which the preceding generation, in all parts of the civilized world (thought quite sufficient, that is, a common school or a classical education. Such tools were quite like the hoe used by the Southern dandy for all purposes. It produced only poor crops. But he means that special knowledge and training which enables the student or the graduate with the average capital of a poor man, to make his living on the soil without any delay on embarrassment from ignorance. The graduates of these schools have no cash capital behind them, and the tools which they possess should be those which will bring the very quickest returns. The fight for existence begins at the moment of graduation.

This "new departure" recognized the fact that the large majority in every community need first and above all things, a knowledge of, and practice in, the ways of improving physical conditions; that learning is of little use to the hungry and the discontented; that for the mass of human beings

the soil furnishes alone the means of subsistence, and that the higher education, even the classics, is largely valueless; unless there is with it a special education.

This letter contains suggestions of a general nature, which if followed, will enable the students to fairly meet any competition in certain kinds of agricultural and horticultural work.

These schools are primarily intended for the instruction of native Hawaiians. The theory on which they should be conducted, must be, it may be fairly helped, to give the graduates special tools for working on those lines where there is the least fiction with the energy, the intelligence and the aggressiveness of other races. The soil furnishes the opportunity, and perhaps the only opportunity.

Whether the natives, when furnished with the tools of the best practical training, can hold their own, even when the competition is the least, is after all, a question of "sand." Has the native enough of it to keep his place and improve his condition.

The work, under the "new departure" of these schools will be one of the very deepest interest to those who still believe that the native race may be restored.

An Appeal to Reason.

The mother of one of the men who was a victim of the disaster to the Maine has written a touching appeal, through the columns of the New York Herald, to other mothers. She asks them to give up the cry of vengeance.

The letter is as follows: "I am the mother of one of the sailors of the Maine. I am an unlearned woman, we can do little but read her bible, but I have heard of the women's letters that asked this country to fight to avenge the death of their husbands and sons. I wish to say to the other mothers of those dead sons, Think shame to yourselves that you should cry upon men to take cruel vengeance for the death of your sons. 'Vengeance is mine, I will repay,' saith the Lord. In my grief shall I forget the Lord and wish that another should mourn because of a son of the bottom of the sea? If all the sailors on the Spanish ships were killed, would that give us back our sons, who died on the Maine? And how many mothers' hearts must ache here and abroad, if a war comes! May we do no murder, nor wish in our hearts that other hands may be dipped in blood, which is the same thing."

NOT ILL TREATED.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—J. N. Stripling, United States Attorney for the Southern district of Florida, has transmitted to the Department of Justice a copy of the testimony recently taken by order of Judge Locke of that district in the matter of the charge made in April last to Admiral Sampson by Naval Cadet Needham Lee Jones. In these charges, it is alleged, that the officers of the Spanish prize steamer Catalonia, Algonquin, Pedro and Miguel Jover, were treated in an insolent manner by the United States Marshal and other officers connected with his department who were charged further with pilfering from these vessels. The testimony tends to show that the charges of Cadet Jones were entirely unfounded.

By instructions of the Court the officers of these Spanish vessels appeared before the Court. Captain Fano of the Catalonia and other officers denied positively that they had been in any way mistreated. Upon this evidence the Court says: "The Court fails to find any satisfactory evidence of any misconduct on the part of any of the officers or employees of this court, which would call in any way for action whatever."

GERMANY'S INFLUENCE.

LONDON, June 14.—According to a dispatch from Shanghai the German steamer Petarch is about to leave there for Manila with secret orders, it is believed, from the German Government. Prince Henry of Prussia, now at Kiao-chow with the German squadron, is kept constantly informed, the dispatch says, as to the development of the war.

The Berlin correspondent of the Times remarks that with four war ships already at Cavite and with the Darmstadt on the way with 1,400 men, Germany will have a force of 3,000 marines at Manila.

PARIS, June 12.—The Temps this afternoon publishes a dispatch from Madrid in which it is said that communications exchanged by high officials at Madrid Vienna and Berlin do not treat directly of peace, but that "an important view of the situation may arise out of Germany's hostile attitude to the development of American intentions in the Philippine Islands."

A CANAL PROPOSITION.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—Responding to a resolution of inquiry, the Secretary of the Interior today sent to the Senate a statement by President Hitchcock of the Maritime Canal Company in relation to the Nicaragua canal.

In this statement Mr. Hitchcock makes a proposition to issue to the Secretary of the Treasury 700,000 shares of its capital stock of the par value of \$100,000,000, on condition that the Government of the United States guarantee the payment of both principal and interest on a new issue of bonds of the company amounting to \$100,000,000. The proposition includes the release by all the stockholders ex-

cept the governments of Nicaragua and Costa Rica of the 5 per cent securities conceded to the promoters of the canal enterprise. The statement shows that the company has expended to date \$5,136,428, and that it has issued \$6,336,500 worth of stock and \$23,471,500 worth of bonds.

BLANCO'S PILEKIA.

LONDON, June 13.—The Madrid correspondent of the Daily News, telegraphing by way of Bayonne, says: General Blanco's last dispatch being less sanguine, the Cabinet council discussed whether it should be published, and decided upon some verbal alterations. Military precautions have been taken at Madrid to quell disturbances when the inevitable happens.

The Madrid correspondent of the Standard, telegraphing Sunday, says: General Blanco, having again telegraphed that in case the blockade becomes stricter, it will be urgent to send war stores, as his supply is running short, the Government has taken steps to dispatch abundant supplies by fast vessels from Spanish and foreign ports. The more important supplies from Spain will be strongly conveyed and will be sent immediately.

All the special dispatches from Berlin this morning deny that Germany has any intention of calling a conference as to the Philippines.

SEEKS FOREIGN AID.

NEW YORK, June 14.—A cable to the Sun from Madrid says: The press continues to be optimistic concerning Germany's supposed intentions in the Philippines. The newspapers urge that sacrifices be made to secure the aid of the Triple Alliance. They say they are convinced that the nation will willingly concede naval stations and coal depots in the Spanish East Indies to assist in the developing its commercial and political relations with Germany, and it will grant a treaty of commerce if Emperor William will take the initiative in staying the advance of the United States.

REPRESENTS SPAIN.

VICTORIA (B. C.), June 14.—A. J. Cabrejo, a representative of the Spanish Government, has been in the city for several days, apparently gathering information in respect to the shipment of coal from British Columbia to American ports and Honolulu, and the negotiations for the purchase or chartering of steamers for transporting troops to Manila. He spends most of his time around the wharves and shipping offices, but makes friends with nobody. He is in receipt of several telegrams daily addressed to him as Spanish Consul. When asked whether he was a consul he denied it.

FOREIGN NEWS NOTES.

Italy's ministry has resigned. Thirty-five vessels will carry 15,000 men at once to Porto Rico.

The Spanish government has ordered Blanco to exchange Hobson.

A dispatch from Madrid states that the Spanish Press is urging that peace be sought.

Two offers by syndicates have been made to take the whole of the \$200,000,000 war loan.

Stephen Crane denies that the bodies of the four marines killed at Guantanamo were mutilated.

It is said in Washington that Lieut. Hobson may be promoted to be a lieutenant-commander.

The United States has paid the damage of the Debring Sea award, amounting to \$473,000.

The Viscaya was struck by an American shell in Santiago, says a dispatch from Madrid, but not seriously damaged.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—Word has been received at the Navy Department from a high though unofficial source that Admiral Camara's Cadiz fleet has been found unfit for sea.

A cable dispatch to New York from Cadiz says the Spanish fleet has put to sea and sailed southeast. A report from Gibraltar is that the fleet was seen at Ceuta sailing East on the Mediterranean.

At a council of war in Manila, at which it was proposed to surrender because resistance is useless, the Captain-General became furious at the proposition and resigned, to be succeeded by his second in command.

NEW YORK, June 13.—In response to an inquiry, General Linares of the Spanish army at Santiago cabled the following reply: "Hobson and the other seven prisoners are well and are in receipt of all cablegrams sent them."

The American marines and Cuban insurgents were victorious over the Spaniards at the camp at Guantanamo bay on the 14th. Scores of the enemy were killed, nineteen prisoners were taken and 100 rifles and 10,000 rounds of ammunition captured.

ST. JOHN'S (N. F.), June 12.—The war ship whose presence off Cape Race last week gave rise to so many startling reports proves to be the British gunboat Gunare. She is engaged in surveying some unmapped shoals on the edge of the Grand Banks.

TACOMA, Wash., June 17.—J. T. Steeb, Hawaiian Consul and United States Commissioner, returned from the East today. He says that shipments of coal aggregating 40,000 tons are soon to be made to Honolulu. One American ship, the St. Francis, is now at Baltimore loading a portion of this coal.

MANILA, June 13 (via Hongkong June 17).—Agustinaldo, the insurgent leader, issued a proclamation calling upon the natives to assemble at Cavite on June 12th, and inviting the Americans to be present at the ceremony of a declaration of independence.

On the 16th, Sampson's fleet bombarded San Pedro for the third time, sinking only El Morro where Hobson and his comrades are in prison. Over

1,000 shots were fired and the western batteries were badly wrecked. The dynamite cruiser Vesuvius fired three 250-pound charges of gun-cotton. The western battery was completely demolished. A shell from the Texas dropped into the magazine, which exploded, doing fearful damage.

MADRID, June 17.—It is again stated on good authority that the Queen Regent has decided to abdicate in favor of the late King's sister, the Infanta Isabella. The Queen has made known her wishes to the Cabinet, adding that she would like to take her children and leave Spain. Premier Sagasta informed her that such an act would not be allowed. The Queen said she would postpone her departure for the time being, but insisted that she be allowed to abdicate.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT, FIRST Circuit, of the Hawaiian Islands, In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of James J. Dowsett, late of Honolulu, Oahu, deceased intestate.

Petition having been filed by Edward Dowsett, son of said intestate, praying that Letters of Administration upon said estate be issued to John M. Dowsett, notice is hereby given that Monday, the 26th day of July, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock a. m., he and hereby is appointed for hearing said Petition in the Court Room of this Court at Honolulu, Oahu, at which time and place all persons concerned may appear and show cause, if any they have, why said Petition should not be granted.

Honolulu, June 27th, 1898.
By the Court.
P. D. KELLETT, JR., Clerk.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE First Circuit, Hawaiian Islands.

Henry E. Cooper, Minister of the Interior ad interim vs. George H. Newton and Caroline Newton Clarke. Action for condemnation of land for public use.

The Republic of Hawaii:

To the Marshal of the Hawaiian Islands, or his Deputy, Greeting:

You are commanded to summon George H. Newton and Caroline Newton Clarke, defendants in case they shall file written answer within twenty days after service hereof, to be and appear before the said Circuit Court at the August Term thereof, to be held at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, on Monday the 1st day of August next, at ten o'clock A. M., to show cause why the claim of Henry E. Cooper, Minister of the Interior ad interim, plaintiff should not be awarded to him pursuant to the tenor of his annexed petition.

And have you then there this Writ with full return of your proceedings thereon.

Witness Hon. A. Perry, First Judge of the Circuit Court of the First Circuit, at Honolulu, Oahu, this 11th day of May, 1898.

GEORGE LUCAS, Clerk.

1897-3ms

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT, FIRST Judicial Circuit of the Hawaiian Islands.

In the matter of the Estate of JAMES J. ROBINSON, of Kona, Island of Hawaii, deceased, intestate.

On reading and filing the petition and accounts of M. P. Robinson, Administrator of said estate, wherein he asks to be allowed \$357.91, and he charges himself with \$1,727.02, and asks that the same may be examined and approved, and that a final order may be made of distribution of the property remaining in his hands to the persons thereto entitled, and discharging him and his sureties from all further responsibility as such administrator:

It is ordered, that MONDAY, the 18th day of JULY, 1898, at 10 o'clock a. m., before the Judge of said Court at the Court room of the said Court at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place for hearing said petition and accounts, and that all persons interested may then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted, and may present evidence as to who are entitled to the said property.

By the Court.
GEORGE LUCAS, Clerk.
Honolulu, June 13, 1898.
1897-3KT

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE First Circuit, Hawaiian Islands.

In re the application of Kela Kaka Marquez, for an order empowering her to make contracts, etc.

Kela Kaka Marquez, having applied to this Court for an order granting and empowering her to convey and dispose of her property and to make contracts under seal, during the absence of her husband, and other relief as more particularly appears in the petition on file in this cause:

It is hereby ordered that all persons having interest in any of her said property or desiring to be heard upon her said application, be and appear before this Court at the Judiciary Building, in Honolulu, on Friday, the 7th day of October, A. D. 1898, and show cause, if any they have, why the order prayed for in said petition should not be granted.

Dated Honolulu, June 6, 1898.
By the Court.
P. D. KELLETT, JR., Clerk.

1897-71

CHAS. BREWER & CO.'S

New York Line.

The Bark "Nunoo" will sail from New York to Honolulu on or about July 15, 1898.

If sufficient inducement offers. Advances made on shipments on liberal terms. For further particulars, address Messrs. CHAS. BREWER & CO., 37 Kilby Street, Boston or

C. BREWER & CO. LTD., Honolulu Agents.

IT IS ENDORSED

Dr. Walter Maxwell on Kamehameha's New Plan.

THERE SHOULD BE SYSTEM

Great Benefits Will Accrue—Lectures and Experiments.
Field Work.

Honolulu, June 22, '98.
To the Principal, Kamehameha Schools.

Dear Sir:—I received your letter in which you speak of the "new departure" determined upon by the Directors of your Institution, and in connection with which you ask my views and any possible suggestions.

This action of the Board of Trustees embodies the wisest economic conclusions that I can conceive of. When we consider that, at present, the only industries of these islands are agricultural, and that any industry of a manufacturing character, that may come with time, must find its foundation in agriculture, then any step taken whose purpose is to place before the people a broader comprehension of the possibilities, and to equip the native sons of the islands to reach the fullest use of these possibilities, should appeal directly to every one. To me it appears extraordinary that it can drop out of remembrance for one moment, the immediate dependence upon agriculture of all who are looking for a living in this country. The inclusion of the lawyer, the doctor, and the store keeper, in this dependence is too palpable to be overlooked.

In reply to certain of your more specific questions, I must say that it is not possible for me to speak in any great detail, since I am not acquainted with the run of the ages, and with the general capacity, and, it may be, the peculiar nature of the capacity of your pupils. A few words may be said, however, which apply to all movements of the nature of your present undertaking.

In the first place, it is to be understood that this founding of a department of agricultural teaching has a practical and very specific purpose, which is no less than an organized plan to prepare young men to handle the conditions in which they are placed, and to get a living in the face of a competition that exists, and which will increase upon them. There is nothing decorative intended in your scheme, nor merely an extended effort to add to general knowledge. Your object is to furnish your young men with the tools by use of which, when they go out into life, they will be able to stand up against the competition spoken of, and to how their way to a reasonable success.

Coming to the matter of the mode and course of instruction, we may bear in mind that the best ideas and plans advanced by leading teachers have been brought together in text books, and are in general use in agricultural colleges and schools. It is possible that there are situations in which the conditions, including the character of the students, are so different to the general rule, that modifications must be made to meet the special case. We must not lose hold of the first principle, however, that the instruction must be systematized, that the several branches must be brought together and presented in such a way that each subject shall show the relation it bears to other subjects, and the collective bearing of all the subjects upon the purpose of the instruction as a whole. For example—a knowledge of the scientific principles which underlie the more progressive systems of agriculture today require some knowledge of geology, chemistry, botany, physiology, bacteriology, mechanics, etc. In teaching these several subjects, however, the student of agriculture need not be required to look at each of these as the geologist, the chemist or the physiologist must do; he must rather be directed to see the links which hold the subjects together, and which bind them into a system of knowledge that is to bear economically upon his life work.

The necessity of system is urged for the reason that desultory teaching, and fragmentary knowledge, lead nowhere. They do not place information in the light or form in which it can be justly comprehended, or put to economic use. Moreover, general or fragmentary teaching injures the instrument—the mind, and it is an essential function of instruction to train that instrument, that the young man may not only use to effect the knowledge he has obtained, but be able to grasp the conditions into which he enters, and to conform his efforts to the nature of the surroundings.

The carrying out of such a system of instruction involves first the work of the lecture room, and of the laboratories. Then follow in sequence, and more or less side by side, the experiments and demonstrations of the field. Don't forget, however, that the verbal instruction must precede the demonstration. Of course, the outdoor experiments may, and should be, made to bear on the special economic features of the locality, whether these be production of dairy foods, fruits, or plants, some of whose ingredients may enter into the arts and manufactures, medicine, etc.

Make the instruction as personal as possible. Don't leave young pupils too much to their books. The direct appeals of the tutor who is capable, and who puts forth his words charged with force and conviction, will not only impart knowledge more clearly and thoroughly, but the instruction will bear an ethical stamp and vitality without which it is likely to produce little. I now offer you my best wishes and

hopes that your work may result in permanent value to these islands; and I also ask that, if it appears to you at any time that I might be able to do you a small service, you will directly give me opportunity of doing so.
Yours very truly,
WALTER MAXWELL.

Fourth of July.

Neither of the two committees existing for the purpose is moving for a Fourth of July celebration this year. So far as the American section is concerned it is settled that there will be a wait for the annexation news. Then there will be a big time.

The Healan Boat Club will give a dancing party at the boat house on the night of the Fourth, as the annual celebration ball—semi-official—is to be omitted.

It may be that there will be some fireworks on the Fourth, but it is more likely that they will be saved for the hoisting of the stars and stripes.

CALL OF DEATH

Mrs. Bruce Cartwright
Summoned This Time.

A Noble Woman Who Will Be Missed By All—An Operation Failed to Save—The Funeral.

Mary Louise Cartwright, beloved wife of Bruce Cartwright, died last night at the Queen's hospital at 9.45 o'clock. Mrs. Cartwright was a beautiful woman of lovely character and was well known and prominent in social and religious circles here. She was as well a native daughter of the Golden West, coming of one of the first families of California. Her untimely death will be the occasion of the keenest grief wherever she was known.

For several months Mrs. Cartwright had been ailing. She had been of quite robust health, but disease claimed her and the drooping of strength finally became quite marked. For nearly a fortnight, at the home on Beretania, near Punahou, the Macfarlane house, lately occupied by the American consul, two physicians and a trained nurse had been in constant attendance upon the lady. A consultation was held and it was decided that the only hope, and that a desperate one, was in an operation. Mrs. Cartwright was taken to the hospital for this purpose and on Sunday last the only effort that could be made to save the life dear to so many was undertaken. At first it was thought that recovery had been assured and the sick woman seemed to rally. But there was a relapse, and after a noble fight, and one tempered with the consolation of a firm belief and faith in the Divine Master, a stainless soul left the earthly tenement.

The funeral will be held at 3.30 o'clock this afternoon from the residence. The service will be conducted by the Rev. Alex. Mackintosh.

To the care of the bereaved husband, who is a leading business man of the community, is left a son of 18 and a daughter of 14. Mrs. Cartwright, who was 37 years of age, was born in California, where there still resides her mother and three brothers and a sister. Her father, who died about nine years ago, was Norfolk Wells and like the father of Bruce Cartwright, was a pioneer of California. Norfolk Wells was one of the first settlers of Stanislaus county and is mentioned notably in the annals of the argonauts. Mrs. Cartwright became the bride of Bruce Cartwright 18 years ago.

Labrador Smugglers.

Judge Stanley yesterday committed three men of the schooner Labrador for trial on the charge of smuggling opium into the country. The defendants are John Haake, Jas. Carter and A. Weinrich. Bail is fixed at \$2,500 for each man. Paul Neumann has retired from the case. Counsel for the prisoners made the motion that his clients be discharged. This was overruled.

Mohican Away.

The U. S. S. Mohican sailed away in the direction of Maui Sunday morning. She has gone for a target practice cruise. While in port the men were kept busy practicing with their rifles. Now the Mohican goes out to try the big guns.

Judge Hartwell Home.

Judge A. S. Hartwell returned from the States on the Belgic last evening after a flying trip to Boston. He reports nothing new on annexation. The news is the same as that brought on the Moana.

"There's no use in talking," says W. H. Broadwell, druggist, La Cygne, Kas. "Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy does the work. After taking medicines of my own preparation and those of others I took a dose of Chamberlain's and it helped me; a second dose cured me. Candidly and conscientiously I can recommend it as the best thing on the market." For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaiian Islands.

WAS NOT READY

Kapiolani Asks That Deed to Princes Be Annulled.

DID NOT WANT IT RECORDED

Files a Long Petition—Recites Her Understanding and Intention in the Premises.

Kapiolani, queen dowager, has instituted in the Circuit Court proceedings to have declared null and void a deed, to secure a restraining order and to have a receiver appointed. The first hearing will be had at 1:30 o'clock this afternoon. Defendants are the two princes, the nephews of the widow of the late King Kalakaua. The deed in question is that instrument by which Kapiolani conveyed to David and Cupid on the 10th of February, of this year, all of her property of all kinds, real and personal, and valued at several hundred thousand dollars.

The actual complaint or grievance or cause in court of Kapiolani may be briefly stated. It is that she made the deed with the understanding that the execution of it was not to take place until she gave the word. The theory of her immediate friends is that she did not intend to deliver the document for recording until she felt reasonably certain that she had but a short time to live. In other words, she planned that the conveyance should take the place of a will and that title to the property should remain with herself so long as she was able to look after it.

All of the petition prepared by the attorneys of the Queen Dowager is in the native language. Copies were served yesterday on David Kawanakoa and Jonah (Cupid) Kalaniana'ole. The paper covers a number of typewritten pages. It recites in detail what is stated above as the gist of the complaint. Kapiolani claims that when she signed the deed at her home and allowed the notary (Carlos A. Long) to take it away, she understood that the acknowledgement was to receive some necessary additions and that the paper was to be either brought back to her or to be left with her attorneys.

She says that instead of this course being followed the deed was secured from the notary by her nephews and placed on record with the registrar for the island at the Judiciary building. This, the queen dowager alleges, was done without her authority or consent and that further there has been violation of the verbal agreement that none of the property was to be disposed of or encumbered in any manner by anyone without her consent so long as she was able to give it. Kapiolani states that she has the deed, but has only recently learned that it has been recorded against her wishes distinctly expressed before witnesses. The request is made in the petition that the court authorize notice to all concerned that the deed is null and void and illegal and that a receiver be appointed.

There has for some time been quiet talk of likelihood of some action of this sort by Kapiolani. Report has had it that she is displeased with several aspects of the affair or transfer, though her affection for her nephews is well known. She has to friends mentioned disapproval of several things she has heard of in connection with the handling of the extensive property by the young men.

As the amount of money involved is very large the fight in the courts is likely to be a determined one. There is still pending at bar here the first dispute to arise from the transaction that will now be thoroughly aired. This incident was about stock in a plantation. The certificates were included in the general deed. Application for transfer of the stock on the books of the company was made by the princes. The officers of the corporation refused to issue new certificates till the old ones were endorsed, and suit was brought by the new holders. It was remarked as strange that the princes did not have their aunt make the transfer in the simple matter usual.

Officers Chosen.

The Masonic organization called Alexander Laholho Council of Kadosh No. 1, has elected these officers for the ensuing term:

Robert Frederic Lange, Commander.
William Auld, First Lieutenant.
John Henry Bruns, Second Lieutenant.
Frederick Whitney, Chancellor.
George Anthony Davis, Orator.
Albert Barnes, Almoner.
David Dayton, Recorder and Treasurer.

Henry Herbert Williams, Marshal of Ceremonies.
Benjamin Hale Norton, Turcopier.
Henry Laws, Draper.
Albert Van Clive Gear, First Deacon.
Clifford Brown Wood, Second Deacon.

Frank Bond Auerbach, Bearer of the Beausant.
Frederic Leopold Stoltz, Bearer of the Second Standard.

Philip Peck, Bearer of the Third Standard.
Benjamin Dodge Whitney, Lieutenant of the Guard.
James McLellan, Sentinel.

The Berkeley Gazette, of June 8th, contains a two column interview with the Rev. J. A. Cruzan, in which he speaks in very complimentary terms of the development of the islands. He tells of the elaborate preparations to greet the Boys in Blue.

GOOD

BLOOD

Your heart beats over one hundred thousand times each day. One hundred thousand supplies of good or bad blood to your brain. Which is it?

If bad, impure blood, then your brain aches. You are troubled with drowsiness yet cannot sleep; you are as tired in the morning as at night; you have no nerve power; your food does not seem to do you much good.

Stimulants, tonics, headache powders, cannot cure you; but

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

will. It makes the liver, kidneys, skin and bowels perform their proper work. It removes all impurities from the blood. And it makes the blood rich in its life-giving properties.

For biliousness take AYER'S PILLS. They promptly relieve and surely cure. Take them with Ayer's Sarsaparilla one side the other.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Agents.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Sugar; 96 deg. 4 15-16 cents.

It is probable that a sailing vessel will bring the next news from the States.

There were on Saturday 2,200 Boys in Blue letters at the Foreign office and perhaps 1,500 papers.

All Government offices were closed Friday and a good many business houses put up the shutters.

There will be launched at Nawiliwili, Kauai, in a day or two, a splendid launch, just built, which has been named the "Ululani."

Ginger Wayne, the ball player and swimmer, is expected here with the next expedition. He has enlisted in the Seventh California.

The engagement is announced of Miss Aroena Fernandes and the Rev. A. V. Soares, pastor of the Portuguese Evangelical church of this city.

Tom Kinsley, pressman for the Gazette company, believes that his son, who has been a Punahou student and a guardsman, has gone to Manila with the second column.

The Hawaiian Hardware Company publish the results of a very thorough test of their Anti-Corrosive Boiler Compound made by Engineer Kopke of the Pioneer Mill.

Repairs are being made to the engines of the Brutus. The program was for the collier and Monitor to leave today. They may not get away till tomorrow.

Collector General McStocker has been notified that the schooner Labrador can be floated off the beach at Makana without trouble and that she will soon be ready for towing to Honolulu.

Mr. Geo. A. Harker, of the High School, left for Manila with the First Colorado. Mr. Harker was given a Hawaiian souvenir by the Sharpshooters as well as an engrossed discharge from that organization.

A. M. Wolcott, who has been a teacher at Mills Institute and who is well known in Y. M. C. A. and athletic circles, left for the field with General Greene's command. Wolcott had planned to return to Berkeley next fall.

Harry Murray, second son of Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Murray, left with General Greene's forces. Harry is a fine young fellow and as a member of H. company, N. G. H., has had considerable military training. He took passage on the ship Senator.

Smith, the man who lately palmed the spire of Central Union church, is believed to have gone with the Boys in Blue. Cook, who has been a fireman, a mounted patrolman and a member of the regulars here, went with the Tenth Pennsylvania.

Wm. Essie was to have left San Francisco for Alaska on the 13th inst. He is backed by Island capital and has one of the best outfits ever taken into the frozen acres of the golden north. Mr. Essie writes that reports from the mining territory are better than ever.

Up It Goes.

If you did not take our advice and lay in a good supply of Flour and Feed before the last advance, do it now, as there is every prospect of higher prices. The two most powerful agencies are at work to make the advance.

DROUTH AND WAR.

We try to protect our customers but are compelled to follow the market as our stocks become exhausted.

WE CARRY ONLY

THE BEST.

When you want the best Hay, Feed or Grain at Right Prices order from

CALIFORNIA FEED Co.

TELEPHONE 121.

Pacific Mail Steamship Co.

—AND—

Occidental & Oriental Steamship Co.

Steamers of the above companies will call at Honolulu and leave this port on or about the dates below mentioned.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA:	FOR SAN FRANCISCO:
PERU July 5	RIO DE JANEIRO June 28
COPTIC July 14	GARLIC July 8
RIO DE JANEIRO July 23	CITY OF PEKING July 17

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For fine watch work is widespread; but we wish to impress the few who may not yet be in line, with the necessity of sending their watches when out of order to us directly; and not first allow every tinkler to ruin the watch, after which, send it to us for proper repairs.

The Cost is always more to you, after such treatment; ever so much better to send it right down to us, for we allow nothing but perfect work to leave our workshop.

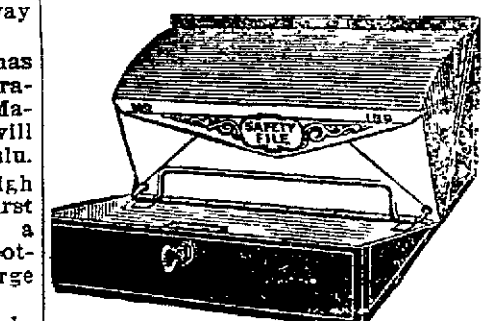
You will be surprised, too, how much cheaper it will be, and how much more satisfactory to you.

Watches are securely packed in wooden boxes, and returned in the safest possible manner.

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Upon your attention today will prove a safe investment for you.



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Keeps valuable Papers of all kinds safe. Enamelled Metal Case, strong Manila Pockets, separate and removable. Best and safest system of filing. Leases, Contracts, Insurance Policies, Notes, Bonds, Mortgages, Deeds, Etc.

No. 10. Size 3x5x11 inches closed. Contains 24 pockets 4x10 1/2. Price \$2.

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WHOOPIING COUGH, CROUP, ASTHMA, CATARRH, COLDS.

CRESOLINE being administered by inhalation gives the safest and most effective means of treating the throat and bronchial tubes. The remedy is Whooping Cough and Croup, and is a safe and effective remedy for all these diseases, as Diphtheria, Scarlatina, etc. The complete booklet with testimonials will be sent to you on request.

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New and Fresh Goods Received by Every Packet from California, Eastern States and European Markets.

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Read the Hawaiian Gazette

Issued Tuesdays and Fridays.

EARNST WORDS RED CROSS MEET

Sermon to the Graduates of Kamehameha.

Rev. T. D. Garvin at Bishop Memorial Chapel—Sound Advice Given to Young Men.

Rev. T. D. Garvin, pastor of the Christian church, delivered the Baccalaureate sermon before the graduating class of the Kamehameha school yesterday at the Bishop Memorial Chapel, in the presence of a large concourse of students and the principals and teachers from both schools. Town people were also in attendance.

The discourse was plain and pointed and of a character suited to the practical life for which the training in this institution is intended to fit the young Hawaiian.

We are human beings, he said, not angels, and are formed in the image of God and sojourners on earth. We pass this way but once. This meeting will never be duplicated. There are two paths for me to follow. I am going either to Heaven or Tartarus. The way divides. My first duty then as a man is to enter into partnership with God, Jesus Christ being my High Priest, for "to revere God and keep His commandments is the whole duty of man." "For God will bring every work into judgment with every secret thing, whether it be good or bad."

Every man should be capable of being the head and every woman the heart of the family, the man a husband, father and neighbor, the woman a wife, mother and helpmeet. A great responsibility rests on you because of your education. Educated men and women regulate and govern society. You hold special rank in view of the needs of your race. Your people have special claims on you because of the superior advantages you have had as students in this institution. A few men achieve fame and notoriety but it is the quiet plodding workers that bless the world, and to them the Master will say "Come ye blessed of my Father." The world needs thousands of men and women that are willing to do little useful things more than some one to do a great deed.

Addressing the graduates especially the speaker said: "Dear young friends, you stand ready to launch your career on the sea of public life; if you can ride the crest of the wave specially financially and religiously, as your fathers and mothers did, their surf boards you will pass through the society sharks and land in the quiet harbor to rest in peace. May the Lord lead and guide you for evermore."

KAM '98 CLASS.

There Are Thirteen Graduates. Baseball—Drill and Inspection.

This is commencement week at Punahoa, and there will be something on every day. The sermon was heard yesterday at 11 o'clock and last evening there was a gospel hour in the Bishop hall.

At 3:30 this afternoon there will be a base ball game on the campus at Kamehameha school. The nines will be alumni and school and a fine game is expected. The alumni nine will have for its battery Meheula and Baker, old timers in championship days. Meheula is a batter, also, having knocked the ball over the fence twice in league games. Other alumni players will be Mahuka, Koko, Pahau, Geo. Cummings and Bridges. The school team has been practicing every day lately and will put up a good game.

For the military review on Tuesday, the Kamehameha people have invited President Doie, Minister Cooper, Minister Dzelion, Col. Fisher, Maj. Laukea, Capt. Ziegler, Capt. Schaefer and others. There will be fancy drilling and an inspection. One ceremony will be the presentation of a flag by the young ladies of the Girls' School.

In the class of '98 are thirteen young men. Following is the program for the remainder of the week and the public is invited to the exercises marked with a star:

Monday, June 27—*Ball game between Alumni and School at 3:30 on the Campus. Reunion Class of '95. *Annual Dinner of the Graduates 8 p m in the Dining Hall.

Tuesday, June 28—*Band Concert Military Drill, and Inspection, 4:30 p m on the Campus.

Wednesday, June 29—Class Day of the Class of '98 3:30 p m on Campus. *Y M C A Rally in the Gymnasium 8:00 p m.

Thursday, June 30—*Graduation Exercises Class of '98 in Gymnasium at 8 p m.

Island Steamer Beached.

The news came from the other side of the island yesterday morning that the Waialeale had dragged her anchors during a heavy squall at Laie early yesterday morning and had gone ashore. The tug boat was immediately dispatched and upon arrival at Laie hauled the Waialeale from her dangerous position into deep water. She will return to port today. The tug came in at 12:30 o'clock this morning. The extent of damage done the Waialeale is not believed to be very great.

Deserts the Bachelors

Jacob P. ... at the head of the Gazette Company and book print department, was married in marriage on Saturday to Miss Agnes Lawrence ... Mackintosh performed the ceremony. A well-kept supper ... the home of the couple on ... A number of friends ... entertained.

Speedy Wheelmen Ride for Blue Ribbons.

Red Cross Benefit—Jones and Ludloff Take Firsts—Some Good Time—Tricks.

Cyclomere Park was a scene of activity on Saturday night, the occasion being the Blue Ribbon meet of the bicycle riders of the city, both professional and amateur, for the purpose of raising funds for the Red Cross Society. The grand stand and particularly the boxes along in front, were crowded, the elite of the city being well represented. The track was well lighted and the wind which had been very strong in the early evening, died down just enough to assure the contestants pleasant riding. A little delay in the starting of the events was caused by the necessary wait for the megaphone through which to announce the result of the contests. The races were as follows:

First heat of the half mile amateur, with five starters. Smith, Lyle, Treadway, Time: 1:13 1-2. The heat was a good one and, although Lyle was the favorite, Smith passed him and came down the stretch an easy winner.

Second heat of the same race, with five starters. Ludloff, Gilman and Souza, Time: 1:04 4-5. This was a remarkably fast race from the start. Ludloff, however, was not satisfied and decided to make a record, which he did, leaving all others far behind.

Final heat of the half mile amateur—Ludloff, blue ribbon; Souza, red and Smith, white. Time: 1:06 1-2. Again Ludloff made a record for himself. It was a case of hard riding the whole way around the track.

Two-thirds mile handicap, professional with four starters, Whitman and Martin remaining out—Jones, blue ribbon; Sylvester, red and Silva, white. Time: 1:34. In this race Johnson had fifty yards handicap and kept it for quite a while. Jones saw what would happen if he did not do something and started out after Johnson, catching and going ahead of him at the last turn.

Two-thirds mile handicap, amateur, with ten entries—Ludloff, blue ribbon; Souza, red and Treadway, white. Time: 1:40 4-5. This was a pretty race but Ludloff was the best man.

Half mile open, professional, with Jones Silva, Sylvester and Johnson on the line. Jones, blue ribbon; Silva, red and Johnson, white. Time: 1:16. Jones was winner, but Silva was close behind. Johnson was not in the best of condition, but he did well.

Little Mike, the trick rider, covered himself with glory giving a fine exhibition. He was rewarded with a blue ribbon.

Princess Kaiulani and Mrs. S. M. Ballou decorated the winners and second and third men from a position in front of the Bruce Waring Co. box. The trophies were blue, red and white rosettes, very neatly made. Among others of the Honolulu Red Cross Society in the Bruce Waring Co. box were Mrs. S. M. Damon, Mrs. Dav, Mrs. Irwin.

POOR BALL.

Inferior Article Given on League Grounds

Saturday's ball game was a miserably poor and uninteresting affair, with small attendance and no enthusiasm.

The Regiments won, of course. Everyone expected that but no one thought that in only seven innings the score would be so bad as 21 to 9. A resume of the game is unnecessary.

Errors kept the scorer busy—errors not alone on the part of the Honolulu but the Regiments as well. There were only three innings during which the latter failed to score. In the sixth, 11 runs were made. In the seventh Hart began some horse play in the box, smiling all the while in a provoking manner at the Honolulu players. Cunha distinguished himself by making three, two and one base hits and Jones by a long running catch in center. The Honolulu in general and Luahwa in particular, were noted for dropping everything that came their way and lack of head work.

The players were the same as in the previous games with two or three changes. One of these being the substitution of Cunha as catcher for the Regiments with Wilder at second and Moore at first.

The score by innings was as follows:

Regiment	5	0	3	2	0	11	0	x	21
Honolulu	4	0	1	2	0	2	x	9	

The umpires were Louis Singer and George Macy who were kept busy calling "safe" for the Regiments and out for Honolulu.

Davton, catcher and Gleason shortstop for the Honolulu declare they will not play another game this season.

A. H. Patter with E. C. Atkins & Co. Indianapolis Ind., writes: "I have never before given a testimonial in my life. But I will say that for three years we have never been without Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in the house and my wife would as soon think of being without flour as a bottle of this Remedy in the summer season. We have used it with a three cent child and it has never failed to cure—except simply stop pain, but no cure. It is all right and so one who uses it will find it so. For sale by all druggists and grocers. Patten Smith & Co. 114 agents for Honolulu and



MUSTERING IN THE NATIONAL GUARD.

With heads bared and right hands uplifted the militia boys are taking upon themselves an obligation that makes them a part of the United States army. The scene is an inspiring one. It may mean actual warfare for the regiment and hero's graves for some of its members.

Bargain in Shoes.

We hear the expression used constantly. So much so that in nine cases out of ten it really has no significance in connection with facts.

A bargain in shoes represents standard value, at the right price and at the right time.

The cheapest is not always the best neither is the best always the cheapest. Buy a good article and you will get satisfactory wear out of it in the long run. Buy a cheap article and it will keep you on the jump continually to duplicate, then you might buy shoes on this basis every week in the year and never get your money's worth. Turn over a new leaf and buy an honest shoe at an honest price. This is the kind of values we offer you.

The Manufacturers' Shoe Co.,

FORT STREET.



STEEL PLOWS.



The following line were gotten up especially for the Island trade, and a notable feature on which we have testimonials is their Good Scouring qualities and light draught.

The Queen.

Sizes 6, 8 and 10 inches.

The Monarch.

Sizes 12 and 14 inches

We carry also a complete line of extras for the above. We can furnish you also with ROAD SCRAPERS, UPRIGHT DRILLS, FEED SCRAPERS.

And in the Household Department a new lot, just received, of

Cocoanut Door Mats,

and another car load of

Garland Stoves and Ranges.

G. N. WILCOX, President, J. F. HACKFELD, Vice President.
E. SUHR, Secretary and Treasurer, T. MAY, Auditor.

Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Co.

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We Are Prepared to Fill All Orders for

Artificial Fertilizers.

CONSTANTLY ON HAND—
PACIFIC GUANO, POTASH SULPHATE OF AMMONIA,
NITRATE OF SODA, CALCINED FERTILIZER,
SAITS, ETC. ETC. ETC.
We are a territorial corporation organized under the laws of the Hawaiian Islands. Our capital is \$100,000.00. We are a corporation of the Hawaiian Islands. Our capital is \$100,000.00. We are a corporation of the Hawaiian Islands. Our capital is \$100,000.00.

OP. W. AVERDAM, Manager

Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Company.

GIVEN AWAY FREE!

To every purchaser of a 20 cent box, containing three cakes of EGG WHITE SOAP, we will give free a beautiful picture worth twice the price of the soap.

WHITE

Nothing else like it. Makes the skin white and as smooth as velvet. Equal to any 25 cent soap on the market. Single Cake for 10 cents.

OF

Perfumed with delicate odor from French Flowers. Leaves a sweet refined odor made from the sweetest materials obtainable. The grandest soap for the toilet and complexion.

EGGS

Those using EGG WHITE SOAP will not suffer from chapped face or hands.

SAMPLE Cake given free on application. Come early as the supply of handsome pictures is limited.

WE ARE SOLE AGENTS.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO.

TIMELY TOPICS

June 24, 1898.

Anti-Caloric Boiler Compound.

As this is about the season when grinding on the plantations is about over and managers are considering putting their plant in condition for next season's grinding and in order that we may catch all the contemplated moves we want to call the attention of the plantation managers to our

ANTI-CALORIC BOILER COMPOUND.

At a recent test made by Engineer Kopke of the Pioneer Mill, Lahaina, Maui, the following results were disclosed:

Asbestos	-	-	-	-	115F.
Scotch Compound	-	-	-	-	108F.
ANTI-CALORIC	-	-	-	-	101F.

Is it necessary to say anything more than that

ANTI-CALORIC BOILER COMPOUND is economical in every way?

The Hawaiian Hardware Co.

Limited.

307 FORT ST.

GET IT AT WATERHOUSE'S.

Throw the responsibility on us—

That's what our patrons can do. Just understand that every purchase made here is with the distinct understanding that it must give satisfaction. We want to know if it doesn't.

A lady told us the other day she got the idea ours was so exclusive a stock that the prices would be so high she couldn't trade here. That's wrong. We have exclusive styles—yes! But in point of fact our prices are LOWER than many—and as low as any store that carries reliable goods. It's the very cheap that is the very expensive.

We are always willing to exchange or refund money on goods bought of us which are not entirely satisfactory, when returned to us in good condition within a reasonable time after purchase, but with the distinct understanding that all such goods returned will have all charges paid.

When sending for samples, or for information, write plainly your name and postoffice. After receiving samples, and they prove satisfactory, order quickly, and if possible make two or three selections, marking them in the order of your choice. This will prevent the delay required in sending new samples which so often happens when goods to match the sample required are sold.

It sometimes unavoidably happens that goods ordered are out of stock, and in such cases we take the liberty of substituting what, in our judgment, is equally desirable, both in quality and price. If not satisfactory in this case, please return at our expense. In our Grocery, Crockery and Hardware departments our stock is thoroughly complete and the range of prices is all that can be desired.

J. T. WATERHOUSE.

Queen Street.

The best at the lowest price at HOPP'S.

A Warm Weather Policy.

During the last fortnight we have refrained from talking shop for three reasons:

First—Every one felt so wrapped up in the "Boys in Blue" that they did not care much about furniture or listening to any lengthy talk on our part.

Second—The weather having been such that people would much rather stay at home and keep as cool as possible in preference to moving around in the sun.

Third—This reason of course is of more interest to us than to our customers, unless they are directly interested by having goods in our repair shop. Regardless of the hot weather we have had as much, and some days more, than we could handle in the repair and upholstery department. So that while you folks have been entertaining or keeping quiet we have been operating a bee hive.

We do not object at all, in fact we will be more than pleased to see the orders roll in to such an extent that we would be forced to employ additional upholsterers.

Table Talk.

The biggest shell doesn't always hold the biggest kernel. It doesn't take a page of advertising to tell of these

Oak Extension Tables.

But a whole page could not offer you bigger bargains. They are from Hopp's stock—which means Hopp's values. They are reduced because there are only a few of them. The first time you are down town drop in and examine them, they are just what we claim for them.

There is no necessity to buy if you feel they are not worth more than we ask for them

J. HOPP & Co.

Leading Furniture Dealers.

KING & BETHEL STS.

A PAIR OF BOYS RACES FOR FOURTH

Roth and Wight Win the Tennis Doubles.

Made Too Strong a Team for Good Seniors—Large Audience and Much Enthusiasm.

Those who were present at the courts of the Pacific Tennis Club on Saturday will never regret it for the match to decide the championship in doubles for the present year was most interesting. The two competing teams were E. R. Adams and Harry Waterhouse of the P. T. C. Seniors and Willie Roth and Wilder Wight of the Juniors of the same club. Although the Seniors put up a most stubborn game, contesting every point with determination to win, they could not play the swift game that the Juniors put up and were beaten in the usual best three out of five sets by a score of 6-0, 12-10, 8-6.

The final of the club house was filled with enthusiasts among whom were a large number of Honolulu's society people, while on the lawn and standing outside the fence were many more, equally interested in the game.

Donald Ross was chosen umpire and, shortly after 4 o'clock, called the players to their positions as decided on by toss.

The first set was easily won by the Juniors, as will be seen by the score already given above. The boys served and volleyed one ball after another in quick succession. Wight was particularly strong in his serve, while Roth did a great deal of swift returns.

In the second set the Seniors gripped their rackets more firmly than before. They advanced together and sent back cannon ball returns, but the Juniors were wary and, retreating to the back of the court, took the balls on the bounce and sent them up in the air over the heads of their opponents. Alternate games were won by each side until the score at last stood 10-11. Then the Juniors played an aggressive game and won two games in succession.

The third set was, if anything, the most interesting of the series. The playing was brilliant and surpassed anything in the tennis doubles line that has been witnessed on the Islands. This was the verdict of all the old players on the grounds. It was a hard fought battle from start to finish. Every stroke was correctly anticipated and consequently there was always a player where a ball struck. Applause followed the plays until people left their chairs on the lawn and stood up to better see the game.

At the completion of the match the competitors shook hands and then the champions of 1898 were congratulated and decorated with leis.

The tournament in mixed doubles will begin today on the courts of the Pacific and Beretania Clubs. The finals will be played on Wednesday.

MORE OPIUM.

Officers Seem to Find It Quite Readily

Deputy Marshal Chillingworth is after the opium funds again. Two important captures have been made during the past two days.

On Saturday night at about 10 o'clock Chillingworth with the two Vida brothers, went to Chu Kun's place on King street, near the new building of the Chinese society. After waiting around for some signs from within, the officers broke in the door and found Chu Kun playing cards with two women. In a room near by was a smoking outfit. From this place, a door opened out into a small, high walled enclosure. Chillingworth there found a can half buried in the ground and inside this, a silver jar containing about a third of a tin of opium. It was noticed that the steps from the room were rather rickety and, upon investigation, four tins of first class opium were found buried in the loose earth underneath. To these were attached strings which led above the ground. Still further search discovered a tin with nine dried limes filled with opium. This was found under a bed in the room. Chu Kun, the keeper and "Kale," a Chinese restaurant keeper, were arrested in connection with the affair.

On Sunday Chillingworth and others arrested Tai Hung and two others for unlawful possession of opium. They were caught in the old Chinese theatre. Tai Hung had over a tin of opium in his possession while the other two had but a small quantity between them.

Coast Harness Racing.

The Pacific Coast Trotting Horse Breeders' race meeting is now under way at Oakland. The entries for the first fortnight foot up 434 light harness horses and there are applications for more stalls. It will be one of the biggest trotting and pacing meetings ever held. The program shows that there will be for each day one two-in-three events and five mile dashes, all in harness. It seems settled that there will be no more three-in-five harness racing on the coast.

J. H. Berryhill of Davenport, Iowa, navigator's writer on the Monterey, met an old friend here in the person of J. Lucas. Mr. Berryhill has visited all points of the city and suburbs in company with Mr. Lucas.

Good Sport Promised at Maui's Celebration.

Nahiku; Coffee Lands to Be Turned Into Sugar—Two Estates May Be Started.

(Special Correspondence.)

MAUI, June 25.—The entries for the 4th of July races to be held at Spreckels' Park, Kahului, are all in excepting for one event. The horses all come from Wailuku, Spreckelsville, Kula, Makawao and Lahaina. Good sport, but no breaking of records, is anticipated.

Owing to the shortening of the term of the Government schools the closing exercises were not elaborate.

At Nahiku, Hawaii, very little coffee is being planted, in as much as the land owners there are contemplating planting sugar cane under the auspices of the Nahiku Sugar Company. A wild variety of cane grows there very luxuriantly. It is reported that a large quantity of seed-cane is about to be sent thither. It is stated that if pumping proves a success that two new large sugar estates will soon be established on Maui.

Mrs. Hayes departs today for California, after a pleasant visit at Makawao.

Miss Belle Dickey came by the Wednesday steamer to spend vacation days at her Maiku home.

The mountain house at Kalihiki is again occupied. This time by Misses Schweizer, Lottie Baldwin and others. Miss Kate Graydon, of California, is a guest at the home of C. H. Dickey, Maiku.

Grinding will probably commence in about a week at Hamakua plantation.

The H. C. Co. landing at Kahului is nearly completed.

The next meeting of the Makawao Literary society will be held at Mrs. S. E. Taylor's, Hamakua, on July 1st.

The bark Geo. E. Perkins, Maas master, departed with a cargo of Hamakua sugar.

It has been extremely warm during the week, owing to a cessation of the trade winds. They have begun blowing again today.

The Hawaiian News Company shows in a window a \$51 gold nugget sent down from Alaska by the brother of W. J. Lowrie, manager of Ewa plantation.

NOT SO FAR AWAY IN CHICAGO U. S. A.

IS THE Greatest Mail Order House in the World. MONTGOMERY WARD & COMPANY, 111 to 120 Michigan Ave. WHO ISSUE SEMI-ANNUALLY THE MOST COMPREHENSIVE

GENERAL CATALOGUE AND BUYERS' GUIDE.

Containing 200 pages (24 by 11 inches), 14,000 illustrations, 40,000 dependable quotations, and Twenty SPECIAL PRICE LISTS, devoted to the following lines of GENERAL MERCHANDISE, viz: FURNITURE, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, WAGONS and CARRIAGES, DRUGS, MEDICINES, SEWING MACHINES, ORGANS, PIANOS, BOOKS, and every subject. PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS, LITHOGRAPHS, CARDS, POSTERS, and STICKERS. CLOTHING, CLOAKS, DRESSES, BICYCLES, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, CARPENTRY, OILS, PAINTS, and PAPEL, and a large supply of any one or all of these publications will be sent post paid upon application to dealers in foreign lands, including our "Hand Book for Foreign Buyers." Send in your request, indicate your requirements, and we will send you a copy of our latest catalogue for filling orders expeditiously at minimum prices.

Cable Grams sent as Represented or Money Refunded.

Montgomery Ward & Co., CHICAGO, U. S. A. 111 to 120 MICHIGAN AVENUE.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S Chlorodyne
Original and Only Genuine.
Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S Chlorodyne.

Vice-Chancellor SIR W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR OF CHLORODYNE, that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to. See The Times, July 15, 1884.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S Chlorodyne

Is a liquid medicine which soothes PAIN OF EVERY KIND, cures a cold, relieves BRUISES, WITHOUT HEAD-ACHE, AND INVIGORATES the nervous system when exhausted. It is the Great Specific for Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhoea.

The General Board of Health, London, reports that it ACTS AS A CHARM; one dose generally sufficient.

Dr. Gibson, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states: "Two doses completely cured me of diarrhoea."

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S Chlorodyne IS THE TRUE PALLIATIVE IN Neuralgia, Toothache, Rheumatism, Epilepsy, Spasms, Colic, Palpitation, Hysteria.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S Chlorodyne Rapidly cures short attacks of Epilepsy, Spasms, Colic, Palpitation, Hysteria.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—The name of the medicine is Chlorodyne, and the name of the proprietor, Dr. J. Collis Browne, only in bottles of 1/2, 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256, 512, 1024, 2048, 4096, 8192, 16384, 32768, 65536, 131072, 262144, 524288, 1048576, 2097152, 4194304, 8388608, 16777216, 33554432, 67108864, 134217728, 268435456, 536870912, 1073741824, 2147483648, 4294967296, 8589934592, 17179869184, 34359738368, 68719476736, 137438953472, 274877906944, 549755813888, 1099511627776, 2199023255552, 4398046511104, 8796093022208, 17592186044416, 35184372088832, 70368744177664, 140737488355328, 281474976710656, 562949953421312, 1125899906842624, 2251799813685248, 4503599627370496, 9007199254740992, 18014398509481984, 36028797018963968, 72057594037927936, 144115188075855872, 288230376151711744, 576460752303423488, 1152921504606846976, 2305843009213693952, 4611686018427387904, 9223372036854775808, 18446744073709551616, 36893488147419103232, 73786976294838206464, 147573952589676412928, 295147905179352825856, 590295810358705651712, 1180591620717411303424, 2361183241434822606848, 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BELGIC.

The O. & O. Liner Arrives and Anchors Outside.

The O. & O. S. Belgic, Rinder commander, arrived and cast anchor off port at midnight Friday night, after a pleasant trip from San Francisco, which port she sailed from on the 18th inst. On Wednesday last at midday the Belgic passed the Peru and at 9 o'clock on the same night she passed the Coptic. It is the general belief that the Coptic will beat the Peru to San Francisco. On Thursday night the Belgic passed the Alameda. It was necessary for the Belgic to anchor outside on account of the occupation of the Pacific Mail wharf.

WHARF AND WAVE.

The U. S. S. Philadelphia is on the dry dock at Mare Island.

The W. H. Dimond sailed for San Francisco Sunday morning with a fine cargo of sugar.

The transports sailed for Manila from an anchorage off port at about 1 p. m. on Saturday.

The W. G. Hall will sail on Tuesday morning at 1 o'clock for Lahaina, Malaea, Kona and Kau, taking the Mauna Loa's route.

The American bark Diamond Head, Ward master, arrived in port yesterday, thirty-nine days from Nanaimo, consigned to Allen & Robinson.

The American schooner Queen, Edwardson master, arrived in port Sunday afternoon, 28 days from Eureka with a cargo of 344,600 feet of lumber for H. Hackfeld & Co.

Six bluejackets were posted as deserters from the Monterey yesterday morning. They were all caught before evening and each of the officers who effected a capture received \$10.

Photographs and Saunders have been kept very busy within the last four days. The movements of the transports and other foreign vessels have allowed them hardly time to sleep.

The Mikahala, which came in from Kaula ports Sunday morning reports 29,320 bags of sugar left at Kaula and divided as follows: K. S. M. 600 bags; V. K. 120; Makaweli, 15,500; M. S. Co., 11,000, G. & K., 1,700.

The American barkentine S. G. Wilder, McNeill master, sailed for San Francisco Friday with a cargo of 17,804 bags of sugar, weighing 2,034,609 pounds, valued at \$61,038 and shipped by F. A. Schaefer & Co.

The J. C. Glade, which sailed Saturday took 37,740 bags of sugar, weighing 4,483,423 pounds and valued at \$173,423. The shippers were H. Hackfeld & Co., M. S. Grinbaum & Co., W. C. Irwin & Co., and F. A. Schaefer & Co.

The W. G. Hall came in Friday morning two days ahead of her usual time. She went on the marine railway in the afternoon and will take the Mauna Loa's route on Tuesday. The Mauna Loa will remain in port for repairs.

The American bark Mohican, Saunders master, arrived in port Saturday, twenty-two days from San Francisco with a cargo of 1,200 tons of general merchandise consigned to Castle & Cooke. She also brought twenty fine head of mules.

The American barkentine S. N. Castle Hubbard master, arrived in port at 6 p. m. Sunday after a pleasant trip of nineteen days from San Francisco. She comes laden with a cargo of 900 tons of general merchandise consigned to W. G. Irwin & Co.

The American ship E. B. Sutton, Carver master, arrived in port Sunday afternoon, after a long trip from Victoria, B. C., which port she sailed from on April 29th. She has 2,660 tons of coal, consigned to order and is at present alongside the Oceanic wharf.

The American schooner Emma Claudine Nelson master, arrived in port Sunday afternoon after a trip of thirty days from Eureka, with a cargo of 216,610 feet of lumber for Lowers & Cooke. Like all the rest of the vessels that have come in during the past two days the report of "light winds and calms" was made.

Marine insurance rates on American vessels have dropped in consequence of the Spanish war craft having been hemmed in in Santiago-de-Cuba harbor by the United States Navy. An American ship from Philadelphia for Honolulu has been insured at 2 per cent premium. A week ago it would not have been taken at twice that figure.—Philadelphia Record.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD

By the Government Survey Published Every Monday

DATE	TIME	TEMPERATURE	WIND	MOON
June 28	5 A.M.	74	SE 4	11
June 28	10 A.M.	80	SE 4	11
June 28	3 P.M.	84	SE 4	11
June 28	8 P.M.	80	SE 4	11
June 29	5 A.M.	74	SE 4	11
June 29	10 A.M.	80	SE 4	11
June 29	3 P.M.	84	SE 4	11
June 29	8 P.M.	80	SE 4	11

Barometer corrected for temperature and elevation, but not for gravity

TIDES SUN AND MOON

DATE	TIME	TEMPERATURE	WIND	MOON
June 28	5 A.M.	74	SE 4	11
June 28	10 A.M.	80	SE 4	11
June 28	3 P.M.	84	SE 4	11
June 28	8 P.M.	80	SE 4	11
June 29	5 A.M.	74	SE 4	11
June 29	10 A.M.	80	SE 4	11
June 29	3 P.M.	84	SE 4	11
June 29	8 P.M.	80	SE 4	11

The tide and moon phases are given in standard time. The time of sun and moon rising and setting is given for all ports in the group in local time, to which the respective corrections to standard time apply to each difference of longitude.

The standard time which is used in the (middle) group is the time which is in the P. M. of Hawaii Standard time.

Read the Hawaiian Gazette (Semi-Weekly).

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.

Friday, June 24.

Stmr W. G. Hall, Haglund, from Kaula ports.

Stmr. Mauna Loa, Simerson, from Maui and Hawaii ports.

U. S. S. Brutus, Cottman, from San Francisco and San Diego.

U. S. Monitor Monterey, Leutze, from San Francisco and San Diego.

O. & O. S. Belgic, Rinder, from San Francisco. Anchored off port.

Saturday, June 25.

Stmr. Ke Au Hou, Thompson, from Kaula.

Stmr. Walealeale, Parker from Lale.

Am. bark Mohican, Saunders from San Francisco.

Sunday, June 26.

Stmr. Mikahala, Thompson, from Kaula ports.

Stmr. Claudine, Cameron, from Maui ports.

Stmr. James Makee, Tullet, from Kapa.

Am. bark E. B. Sutton, Carver, from Victoria, B. C.

Am. schr. Emma Claudine, Nelson, from Eureka.

Am. schr. Queen, Edwardson, from Port Townsend.

Am. bktn. S. N. Castle, Hubbard, from San Francisco.

Monday, June 27.

Am. bk. Diamond Head, Ward, from Nanaimo, B. C.

DEPARTURES.

Friday, June 24.

Stmr Maui, Freeman, for Hilo and windward Hawaii.

Stmr Noeau, Pederson, for Honolulu.

Saturday, June 25.

Ger ship J. C. Glade, Stege, from San Francisco.

U. S. transports China, Zealandia, Senator and Colon, for Manila.

Sunday, June 26.

Am. bktn. W. H. Dimond, Nilson, for San Francisco.

O. & O. S. Belgic, Rinder, for China and Japan.

U. S. S. Mohican, Book, for target practice.

Monday, June 27.

Stmr Ke Au Hou, Thompson, for Hanaalei.

Stmr James Makee, Tullet, for Kapa.

Stmr Mokohi, Bennet, for Lahaina, Molokai and Lanai.

VESSELS LEAVING TODAY.

Stmr Mikahala, Thompson, for Nanaimo and Hanalei at 4 p. m.

Stmr. Claudine, Cameron, for Maui ports at 5 p. m.

Stmr W. G. Hall, Haglund, for Lahaina, Malaea, Kona and Kau at 10 a. m.

PASSENGERS.

Arrivals.

From Hawaii, per stmr. Noeau, June 23—Wm. Weight, Kwong Lung and 18 on deck.

From Kaula ports, per stmr W. G. Hall, June 24—A. Dreier, W. E. Powell, J. Knudsen, Capt Hastings and 6 on deck.

From Maui and Hawaii ports, per stmr. Mauna Loa, June 24—F. Souza, T. C. Mills, Miss Mills, Mrs. McWayne, W. McWayne, W. Muller, Mr. Makakani, Peter Makakani, Miss Abbie Guernsey, Miss Jennie Kamerer, Miss Molly Bush, Miss Fannie Kinimaka, C. A. C. von Hamm, Nigel Jackson, L. Manuel Ah Fun, Yang Tin, Wm. Henning Mrs. Searies, Miss Searies, Mrs. Choy, C. G. Rosecrans, W. E. Readis, P. McLane, J. L. McCandless and 62 on deck.

From San Francisco, per O. & O. S. Belgic, June 24—Mrs M. S. Levy and child, James Wakefield, W. H. Edgar, H. A. Isenberg, R. E. Maynard, Judge A. S. Hartwell John T. Fogarty, Chas Desky G. Staunton Tiffany, Lyman Tiffany, Paul Frenzler Han La Roche.

From San Francisco per bk Mohican, June 25—Chas Wild J. W. Leonard, C. H. Blessing, J. W. Lawson, J. H. Jory.

From Maui ports per stmr Claudine, June 26—K. S. Gjerdrum, Geo. Cooper, Mrs. Hayes, Miss Boote P. S. Scales, G. M. Boote, Miss Z. Rogers, Miss L. Rogers, Capt Barlow Mrs. A. Douse, R. N. Boyd A. G. Correo C. Heide-mann R. Von Tempksv. S. Kellinof Geo Cummlins D. B. Mordock, V. A. Vetleson A. Makekau, Rev S. Kanai C. Alama S. Fukida, Jos Welch, M. Correa, Jr and wife M. Correa, Miss L. Taylor, Miss R. Paul, Mrs. Naipo, Chas Keawe, N. Hompli, W. K. Naipo M. S. Jardim and wife, W. A. Robertson Mrs C. E. Rosecrans, T. W. Hobron, W. J. Forbes, Dr T. D. Wood, W. D. Alexander, Jr and 25 deck.

From Kaula ports, per stmr Mikahala June 26—Hon G. N. Wilcox, W. Wilcox, Miss G. Sharp, Miss Hadler W. H. Tell wife and child W. Herfort Rev W. M. Massie Master Blackstad the Messes Ewar(?) Mrs Blackstad Mrs J. Conrade C. Wilcox G. Wilcox, J. B. Frietas J. H. Porteous and 26 on deck.

From San Francisco per bktn S. N. Castle June 26—Miss Minnie Jones, Miss Lillian Bliss, Miss Mary E. Dexter Philip de Laporte, Mrs. Salme de Laporte and John Bowler.

From Nanaimo per bark Diamond Head June 27—Mr. and Mrs. P. P. Miller.

DEPARTURES.

For San Francisco per barkentine S. G. Wilder June 24—Seamster Hall.

BORN.

DAVIS—In this city June 24, 1898, to the wife of Henry Davis a daughter.

MARRIED.

BEARWALD—LAWRENCE In this city June 25, 1898, by the Rev. Alex Mackintosh, J. A. Prava, a daughter.

DIED.

CARTWRIGHT—In this city June 27, 1898, Mary Louise Cartwright, aged 27 years, a native of California, a wife of Bruce Cartwright.

BY AUTHORITY.

AUDITING DEPARTMENT REGULATIONS, NO. 1.

PERMANENT SETTLEMENTS AND SALARIES.

Under the provisions of the new Audit Law all persons and officers of the Government specifically named in the "Salaries and Pay Rolls Appropriations" bill, and all other permanent employees of the Government receiving regular monthly salaries, will be paid from the Audit Office after July 1st, 1898, by individual warrant on the Treasury.

To insure the completeness and promptness of the issuance of each month's salary warrants by the Auditor-General, complete pay-rolls or lists of employees, containing name, official title or position, and amount of monthly pay of each employee, will be required to be deposited with the Auditor-General by the heads of the several Departments, as soon as practicable before the last day of each month, such pay-rolls or lists, bearing the approval of the Head of the Department employing such persons.

Upon the receipt of such pay-rolls or lists, the Auditor-General will issue individual warrants in favor of the employees named therein, and said warrants will be forwarded to the payees by the best practicable method.

PAY-ROLLS.

For mechanics and laborers, and others temporarily employed, Pay-Rolls will be required, specially certified to by the officer directly incurring the expense, that the services charged for have been faithfully performed; upon the approval of such pay-roll by the Auditor-General, he will issue a warrant in favor of a disbursing officer duly authorized by the Head of the Department employing such labor; such disbursing officer will receipt temporarily for such warrant, draw the money from the Treasury, and immediately pay the same to the laborers or employees entitled thereto, taking their individual receipts therefor, and as soon as practicable thereafter, return the receipted pay-roll to the Auditor-General, receiving in return therefor his temporary receipt, and being thus discharged from further liability.

The law specially prohibits the Auditor-General from holding at one time more than one such temporary receipt from the same disbursing officer for pay-rolls under the same item of appropriation.

BILLS.

It will be the aim of the Auditing Department to make monthly settlement by warrant for all valid claims against the Government, in order that this may be done, bills for material, supplies, and incidentals will be required to reach the Auditing Department as soon as practicable after the close of each month, through the Department or Bureau incurring the expense, said bills to be made out on a uniform bill heads which will be furnished by the several Departments, to contain items of one month only (except in the case of quarterly, semi-annual, or annual rents, subsidies and the like), and must specify the following particulars, viz:

Marginal Dates, showing date of actual supply of goods,

Quantities Supplied, i. e. number of lbs., tons, doz., etc

Prices Charged, so that numerical calculations can be verified.

If material or labor is furnished in accordance with contract or tender, the same is to be stated in the bill. Said bills also to be specially certified to by the officer of the Government directly incurring the expense, that the material, supplies, and incidentals have been received in good order and condition.

It will be the duty of the several Heads of the Departments and Bureaus to present not later than the tenth of each month for expenditures on the Island of Oahu and not later than the fifteenth of each month for expenditures on the other Islands, to the Auditor-General a summarized statement of all bills of the previous month fulfilling the above conditions, together with the bills in budgets or summaries under the titles of the several appropriations to which they are chargeable each budget to contain bills of one month only, and to bear the approval of the Head of the Department incurring the expense. The Auditor-General on receipt of such budgets will proceed to check the bills contained therein, and when approved will issue warrants in payment of the same warrants will in every case be drawn in favor of the person to whom the Government is directly indebted, unless such person indicates by endorsement on his bill some other person in whose favor he desires the warrant to be drawn.

CONTRACTS AND TENDERS.

Copies of all Contracts, Agreements, and Accepted Tenders for Material or Labor, together with a copy of the

advertisement calling for such contract or tender, must be filed with the Auditor-General at the time of acceptance.

The above regulations governing bills for material, supplies, and incidentals, will apply to bills on account, or in full, of contracts and agreements.

TRANSCRIPT OF TREASURY CASH BOOK.

The Registrar of Public Accounts shall transmit to the Auditor-General daily a transcript of his cash transactions of the day previous as recorded in the Treasury Cash Book, in such form as shall be agreed upon between the Minister of Finance and the Auditor-General.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS.

Sworn returns of collections of revenue or other moneys, will be required to be made monthly to the Auditor-General as heretofore; by Public Accountants in Honolulu, not later than the tenth, and by Public Accountants out of Honolulu, not later than the fourteenth day after the expiration of each month.

EFFECT OF REGULATIONS.

These regulations go into effect and have the force of law at the same time with the new Audit Law, i. e. on and after July 1, 1898.

H. LAWS,
Auditor-General.

APPROVED.

SANFORD B. DOLE,
President.

HENRY E. COOPER,
Minister of Foreign Affairs.

S. M. DAMON,
Minister of Finance.

HENRY E. COOPER,
Minister of the Interior ad interim.

WILLIAM O. SMITH,
Attorney-General

Honolulu, June 21st, 1898
1897-3t

PUBLIC LANDS NOTICE.

On July 20th, at 12 o'clock noon, at the office of E. D. Baldwin, Hilo, Hawaii, will be sold at public auction, on special terms of payment and improvement, Lot 13, Kahoahuna, Hilo, Hawaii, containing an area of 66 9-10 acres, a little more or less.

Upset price, \$533 20

For full particulars as to terms and conditions, plan, etc., apply at Public Lands Office, or at office of E. D. Baldwin, Hilo, Hawaii.

J. F. BROWN,
Agent of Public Lands

June 20th, 1898. 1897-8t

MONDAY, JULY 4th 1898, being a National Holiday all Government Offices throughout the Republic will be closed on that day.

HENRY E. COOPER,
Minister of the Interior ad interim.

Interior Office June 23, 1898

CORPORATION NOTICE.

In re Dissolution of the Hawaiian Coffee & Tea Company, Limited.

WHEREAS THE HAWAIIAN COFFEE & TEA COMPANY, Limited, a Corporation established and existing under and by virtue of the Laws of the Hawaiian Islands, has pursuant to law, in such case made and provided, duly filed at the office of the Minister of the Interior, a petition for the dissolution of the said Corporation together with a certificate thereto annexed, as required by law.

NOW THEREFORE, notice is hereby given to any and all persons who have been or are now interested in any manner whatsoever in the said Corporation, that objections to the granting of the said petition must be filed in the office of the Minister of the Interior on or before TUESDAY, the 30th day of August, 1898, and that any person or persons desiring to be heard thereon, must be in attendance at the office of the undersigned in the Executive Building, Honolulu, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, to show cause why said petition should not be granted.

HENRY E. COOPER,
Minister of the Interior, ad interim

Interior Office, June 20, 1898
1898 9t

CORPORATION NOTICE.

In re Dissolution of the WAIHEE SUGAR COMPANY

WHEREAS—The Waiehe Sugar Company, a Corporation established and existing under and by virtue of the Laws of the Hawaiian Islands, has, pursuant to the law in such case made and provided, duly filed at the office of the Minister of the Interior, a petition for the dissolution of the said corporation together with a Certificate thereto annexed as required by law.

NOW THEREFORE—Notice is hereby given to any and all persons who have been or are now interested in any manner whatsoever in the said Corporation that objections to the granting of the said petition must be filed in the office of the Minister of the Interior on or before FRIDAY, July 15, 1898, and that any person or persons desiring to be heard thereon must be in attendance at the office of the un-

designated in the Executive Building, Honolulu, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, to show cause why said petition should not be granted.

HENRY E. COOPER,
Minister of the Interior ad interim.

Interior Office, May 6, 1898.
1896-9t

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING been duly appointed Administrator of the estate of Wo Hing, late of Canton, China, deceased, having property in the Hawaiian Islands, notice is hereby given to all persons to present their claims against the estate of said Wo Hing, duly authenticated and with proper vouchers, if any exist, even if the claim is secured by mortgage upon real estate or otherwise, to Geo. Rodiek, at the office of H. Hackfeld & Co., Ltd., at Hilo, Hawaii or in Honolulu, Oahu, within six months from the date hereof, or they will be forever barred, and all persons indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment thereof to the undersigned.

GEO. RODIEK,
Administrator of the Estate of Wo Hing.

Honolulu, June 21, 1898. 1898-4t

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING been duly appointed Administrator of the Estate of W. Y. Horner, Sr., late of Lahaina, Maui, deceased: Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present their claims duly authenticated at the office of W. L. Decoto, Lahaina, Maui, within six months from date hereof, or they will be forever barred; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

W. L. DECOTO,
Administrator Estate W. Y. Horner.

Lahaina, Maui, June 14, 1898.
1897-9t

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING been duly appointed Executor of the will of Achi Keakamahana Akan, late of Honolulu, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the said estate to present their claims, duly certified, at the office of William O. Smith, Merchant street, within six months from date hereof, or they will be forever barred.

WILLIAM O. SMITH,
Executor of will of Achi K. Akan, deceased.

Honolulu, June 7, 1898.
1895-4w

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, THE ASSIGNEE in Bankruptcy of the Estate of Maria G. Levinho gives notice that he has filed in the Circuit Court, First Circuit, Hawaiian Islands, his accounts as such assignee, and has asked for a settlement of the same and a discharge and that hearing on the same has been set for Friday, July 1st, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock a. m.

M. A. GONSAIVES,
Assignee of the Estate of Maria G. Levinho, Bankrupt.

TO THE PUBLIC.

I HAVE ON THE 2ND DAY OF June, 1898, purchased all of C. Aho's right and interest in the firm formerly styled "C. Aka & Co." All persons indebted to the estate must make payment to me without delay.

C. AKAU.

Kailua, North Kona, Hawaii, June 13, 1898 1897-4t

FOR SALE.

A LOT OF FINE PUPS, PART Mastiff and part Great Dane. Make fine watch dogs.

WAILALE RANCH.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE.

In accordance with the provisions of a certain mortgage made by Kaneumi of Kalaupou, Koolauloa Oahu, to Miss Jannie R. Grieve of Honolulu, dated March 13th, 1888 recorded Liber 109, page 355, notice is hereby given that the mortgagee intends to foreclose the same for condition broken, to wit: non-payment of both interest and principal when due.

Notice is likewise given that after the expiration of three weeks from the date of this notice, the property conveyed by said mortgage will be advertised for sale at public auction, at the auction rooms of Jas. F. Morgan, in Honolulu on Monday, the 11th day of July, 1898, at 12 noon of said day.

Further particulars can be had of W. R. Castle.

Dated Honolulu, June 13, 1898
MISS JANNIE R. GRIEVE
Mortgagee

The premises covered by said mortgage consist of:

1st. A lot in Haleaha Koolauloa, Oahu, containing an area of 3 20-100 acres set forth in R. P. 1312 to Mano

2nd. Those three lots in Kalaupou, Koolauloa, aforesaid, containing an area of 1 94-100 acres set forth in R. P. 2046 to Kalewa

3d. Those two lots in Makaha, containing an area of 5 31-100 acres set forth in R. P. 6427 to Kukae

1896-4t

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE.

In accordance with the provisions of a certain mortgage made by M. Hell J. Kapu and Hell J. Kapu in the estate of Honolulu to Alex Wallace of said Honolulu, dated September 12, 1888, recorded Liber 145 page 187, notice is hereby given that the mortgagee

intends to foreclose the same for condition broken, to wit: non-payment of both interest and principal when due.

Notice is likewise given that after the expiration of three weeks from the date of this notice, the property conveyed by said mortgage will be advertised for sale at public auction, at the auction rooms of Jas. F. Morgan, in Honolulu, on Monday, the 11th day of July, 1898, at 12 noon of said day.

Further particulars can be had of W. R. Castle.

Dated Honolulu, June 13, 1898.
ALEX. WALLACE,
Mortgagee.

The premises covered by said mortgage consist of:

All of the interest of said M. Hell J. Kapu and Hell J. Kapu in the estate of Honolulu, consisting of a certain parcel of land with houses thereon, conveyed to said Koolauloa by deed of Trustees Lunaliho Estate recorded in Liber 72, page 200 in which it is described as consisting of a lake at Kawela, Island of Molokai, called the Lake of Kawela, together with a parcel of land separating said lake from the sea and being half of the Ahupuaa of Kawela and covered by Land Commission Award 8559B, Apana 2 to W. C. Lunaliho.

1896-4t

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE.

In accordance with the provisions of a certain mortgage made by Lee Apanu of Honolulu, Oahu, to W. R. Castle, Trustee, of said Honolulu, dated August 1st, 1889, recorded Liber 118, page 188; notice is hereby given that the mortgagee intends to foreclose the same for condition broken, to wit: non-payment of both interest and principal when due.

Notice is likewise given that after the expiration of three weeks from the date of this notice, the property conveyed by said mortgage will be advertised for sale at public auction, at the auction rooms of Jas. F. Morgan, in Honolulu, on Monday, the 11th day of July, 1898, at 12 noon of said day.

Further particulars can be had of W. R. Castle.

Dated Honolulu, June 13, 1898.
W. R. CASTLE,
Trustee, Mortgagee.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE.

The premises covered by said mortgage consist of:

All that certain tract of land situate in Kapalai, Kaneohe, Koolauloko, Oahu, described in R. P. 2423, L. C. A. 7233 to Lulu, containing an area of 5 791-1000 acres, conveyed to mortgagee by foreclosure deed of C. T. Gulek, Trustee, recorded in Liber 119, page 61.

1896-4t

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE.

In accordance with the provisions of a certain mortgage made by Mehe Kapo and Kapo, her husband and Maikuli of Huelo, Maui, to W. R. Castle, Trustee, of Honolulu, Oahu, dated October 6th, 1892, recorded Liber 139, page 241 notice is hereby given that the mortgagee intends to foreclose the same for condition broken, to wit: non-payment of both interest and principal when due.

Notice is likewise given that after the expiration of three weeks from the date of this notice, the property conveyed by said mortgage will be advertised for sale at public auction, at the auction rooms of Jas. F. Morgan, in Honolulu, on Monday, the 11th day of July, 1898, at 12 noon of said day.

Further particulars can be had of W. R. Castle.

Dated Honolulu, June 13, 1898
W. R. CASTLE,
Trustee, Mortgagee.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE.

The premises covered by said mortgage consist of:

1st. 10 11-100 acres in Honopou, Huelo, Maui, set forth in R. P. (G) 1264 to Kahalelaau.

2nd. All those certain parcels in Waikapu, containing 88-100 of an acre, 2 Apanas more particularly set forth in L. C. A. 2208 to Mano, deed from Hoolano to Mele recorded in Liber 135, page 483

3d. All mortgagor's interest in Manu's other property on Maui, more particularly covered by L. C. A. 2208 to said Mano in Pukao, Waikapu, containing 12-100 of an acre, also Grant 466 to Mano in Kamaole, in Kula, containing 10 acres, also 33 15 acres covered by Grant 1488 to Mano in Moouku, Honuaula, Maui

1896-4t

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE.

In accordance with the provisions of a certain mortgage made by W. D. Toomey of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, to Robert Grieve, Trustee, of said Honolulu, dated June 10, 1896, recorded Liber 160, page 488 notice is hereby given that the mortgagee intends to foreclose the same for condition broken, to wit: non-payment of interest when due.

Notice is